BASEL Pillar 3

Public Disclosure of Prudential Information under APS 330
As at 30 Sep 2022

Bank of China (Australia) Limited

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under APS 330 – Sep 2022
Bank of China (Australia) Limited

Table 3: Capital Adequacy		2022 Sep Quarter (A$m)	2022 Jun Quarter (A$m)
(a)	Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for:		
	• Credit Risk	**2,167.7**	**2,091.0**
	Residential mortgage	1,897.2	1,806.2
	Other retail	15.5	14.9
	Corporate	14.4	19.8
	Bank	118.9	134.8
	Government	-	-
	Other risk assets	0.7	2.0
	Perfomance-related Contingencies	16.7	16.7
	Loan commitment	83.2	75.7
	Market related derivatives	21.2	20.8
	• Securitisation	-	-
(b)	Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for equity exposures in the IRB approach (simple risk-weighted method).	-	-
(c)	Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for market risk.	0.8	0.5
(d)	Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for operational risk.	279.3	279.3
(e)	Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB) (IRB/AMA approved Asutralian-owned ADIs only).	-	-
(f)	Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital ratio for the consolidated banking group.		
	• Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio	21.2%	21.4%
	• Tier 1 Ratio	22.4%	22.7%
	• Total Capital Ratio	23.8%	24.1%

Table 4: Credit Risk	2022 Sep Quarter (Credit Risk Exposure in A$m)	2022 Jun Quarter (Credit Risk Exposure in A$m)	Average Balance for the Quarter (Credit Risk Exposure in A$m)
(a) Total gross credit exposures, plus average gross exposure over the period, broken down by:			
Total gross credit risk exposures, broken down by			
Debt securities and Due from ADIs	392.5	479.5	436.0
Loans	5,423.8	5,166.3	5,295.1
Loan commitments	212.4	191.9	202.1
Performance-related contingencies	16.7	16.7	16.7
Market related derivatives	34.3	30.5	32.4
All other	722.7	602.3	662.5
Total gross credit risk exposures, broken down by portfolio			
Claims secured by residential mortgage	5,606.3	5,323.5	5,464.9
Other retail	15.5	14.9	15.2
Corporate	14.4	19.8	17.1
Banks and other ADIs	392.5	479.5	436.0
Government	617.4	518.3	567.9
RBA	88.7	68.8	78.7
All other	67.5	62.4	65.0
(b) Amount of impaired facilities, provision and write-offs, by portfolio			
Amount of impaired facilities, by portfolio			
Claims secured by residential mortgage	-	-	-
Other retail	-	-	-
Corporate	-	-	-
Banks and other ADIs	-	-	-
Government	-	-	-
All other	-	-	-

Table 4: Credit Risk (Continued)		2022 Sep Quarter (Credit Risk Exposure in A$m)	2022 Jun Quarter (Credit Risk Exposure in A$m)	Average Balance for the Quarter (Credit Risk Exposure in A$m)
	Amount of past due items, by portfolio*			
	Claims secured by residential mortgage	5.6	7.3	6.5
	Other retail	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Corporate	-	-	-
	Banks and other ADIs	-	-	-
	Government	-	-	-
	All other	-	-	-
	Amount of specific provision, by portfolio			
	Claims secured by residential mortgage	0.3	0.3	0.3
	Other retail	-	-	-
	Corporate	-	-	-
	Banks and other ADIs	-	-	-
	Government	-	-	-
	All other	-	-	-
	Charges for specific provisions and write-offs during the period			
	Claims secured by residential mortgage	-	-	
	Other retail	-	-	-
	Corporate	-	-	-
	Banks and other ADIs	-	-	-
	Government	-	-	-
	All other	-	-	-
(c)	**General reserves for credit losses**	4.0	4.8	4.4

*Amount of past due but not impaired items

Table 5: Securitisation exposures

The Bank had successfully completed a self securitisation for China Dragon Trust 2 Series 2020-1R.The transaction is a securitisation of a portfolio of Australian prime loans backed by residential mortgage originated by the Bank. The principal balance of the loans assigned to the Trust was AUD$200 million upon initiation in September 2020. In October 2021, the Trust was topped up by AUD$386 million. The Bank holds notes issued by this Trust. This Trust is a special purpose entity consolidated by the Bank.

Moody's Investors Service has assigned the following definitive long-term rating to notes issued by Perpetual Corporate Trust Limited in its capacity as trustee of the China Dragon Trust 2 Series 2020-1R (Trust).

The complete rating action is as follows:
— AUD 462 million of Class A Notes, rated Aaa
— AUD 40 million Class B Notes are not rated.

The self securitisation transaction is entered by the Bank for the purpose of generating extra contingency funding channel during liquidity crisis.

(a)	**Securitisation activity of current period (AUD million)**	**Exposure securitized**		**Recognized gain(or loss) on sale**	
		2022 Q3	**2022 Q2**	**2022 Q3**	**2022 Q2**
	Residential Mortgage	-	-	-	-
	Total exposure securitized during the period	-	-	-	-

(b)		**2022 Q3**	**2022 Q2**
	On balance sheet securitisation exposure		
	Securities held in the banking book	354.1	384.3
	Total on balance sheet exposure	**354.1**	**384.3**
	Funding facilities	9.0	9.0
	Credit enhancements	40.2	40.2
	Derivatives - Basis swaps	-	-
	Total off balance sheet exposures	**49.2**	**49.2**

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosure

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) measures whether an ADI maintains an adequate level of unencumbered high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day period stress scenario.

BOCAL reported weighted average LCR of 150% in the quarter ended 30 September 2022, increased by 4% compared to last quarter. In general the overall LCR fluctuated at a reasonable level. BOCAL manages its LCR position on a daily basis and maintains a buffer over the minimum regulatory requirement and the Board's risk tolerance. Methodologies used to determine LCR outcomes are reviewed on a regular basis.

The Bank holds a mix of High Quality Liquid Assets, consisting of cash equivalent assets, Australian government bonds and Semi-government bonds, securities eligible for repo with RBA under the Committed Liquidity Facility (CLF). The composition of the liquid asset portfolio has remained relatively stable and commensurate with its business size, characteristics and complexity of the Bank over this quarter of 2022.

The Bank follows the principle of prudence in its liquidity management strategy, and manages its funding maturity profile, deposit product diversification and customer relationships to minimize Net Cash Outflows. The cash outflows ratio associated with the Bank's retail funding base were relatively stable.

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APS 330 Table 20 - LCR disclosure 2022Q3

		30 Sep 2022 Total unweighted value (average) $M	Total weighted value (average) $M
Liquid assets, of which:			
1	High-quality liquid assets (HQLA)		**665**
2	Alternative liquid assets (ALA)		**31**
3	Reserve Bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) securities		**-**
Cash outflows			
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	**3,927**	**545**
5	Stable deposits	**1,511**	**76**
6	Less stable deposits	**2,416**	**469**
7	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	**87**	**81**
8	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks	**-**	**-**
9	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	**87**	**81**
10	Unsecured debt	**- 0**	**- 0**
11	Secured wholesale funding	**-**	**-**
12	Additional requirements, of which:	**407**	**86**
13	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	**68**	**68**
14	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	**-**	**-**
15	Credit and liquidity facilities	**338**	**17**
16	Other contractual funding obligations	**38**	**32**
17	Other contingent funding obligations	**400**	**20**
18	**Total cash outflows**	**4,858**	**763**
Cash inflows			
19	Secured lending	**-**	**-**
20	Inflows from fully performing exposures	**226**	**220**
21	Other cash inflows	**79**	**79**
22	**Total cash inflows**	**305**	**299**
23	**Total liquid assets**		**697**
24	**Total net cash outflows**		**465**
25	**Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)**		**150%**
Number of data points used			**92**

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APS 330 Table 20 - LCR disclosure 2022Q2

		30 Jun 2022 Total unweighted value (average) $M	Total weighted value (average) $M
Liquid assets, of which:			
1	High-quality liquid assets (HQLA)		**605**
2	Alternative liquid assets (ALA)		**44**
3	Reserve Bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) securities		**-**
Cash outflows			
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	**3,861**	**561**
5	Stable deposits	**1,458**	**73**
6	Less stable deposits	**2,403**	**488**
7	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	**96**	**80**
8	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks	**-**	**-**
9	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	**94**	**79**
10	Unsecured debt	**2**	**2**
11	Secured wholesale funding	**-**	**-**
12	Additional requirements, of which:	**388**	**82**
13	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	**66**	**66**
14	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	**-**	**-**
15	Credit and liquidity facilities	**322**	**17**
16	Other contractual funding obligations	**29**	**25**
17	Other contingent funding obligations	**401**	**20**
18	**Total cash outflows**	**4,775**	**768**
Cash inflows			
19	Secured lending	**-**	**-**
20	Inflows from fully performing exposures	**241**	**237**
21	Other cash inflows	**88**	**88**
22	**Total cash inflows**	**329**	**324**
23	**Total liquid assets**		**649**
24	**Total net cash outflows**		**444**
25	**Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)**		**146%**
Number of data points used			**91**