

Bank of China Limited – India Branch

SCHEDULE 17 - Significant Accounting Policies

1. Background:

Bank of China Ltd India Branch ('the Bank') has been granted license by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) to carry on banking business in India on 25th October 2018 and the Bank has commenced its operations from 3rd June 2019. The accompanying financial statements are for the period ended 31st March 2023 comprising of the accounts of India Branch of Bank of China Limited which is incorporated in The People's Republic of China. The bank has only one branch in India as on 31st March 2023 situated in Mumbai. The Bank's name has been included in the Second Schedule to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 vide Notification DBR.IBD. No.10585/23.03.005/2018-19 dated June 19, 2019 and published in the Gazette of India (Part III - Section 4) dated July 27 – August 02, 2019.

2. Basis of Preparation:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on going concern basis in accordance with historical cost convention on accrual basis, except as otherwise stated, and include adjustments that are necessary as the bank is to continue as a going concern, relating to the recoverability & classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts & classification of liabilities and comply in all material aspects with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India, statutory requirements prescribed under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, circulars & notifications issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time till date and current practices prevailing within banking industry in the country, notified Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounting) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2021 to the extent applicable and current practices prevailing within the banking industry in India, to the extent applicable and conform to the statutory requirements prescribed under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees rounded off to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

3. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as at the date of financial statements and reported, revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Any revision to the accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the current and future periods.

4. Significant Accounting Policies

4.1 Revenue Recognition:

- Revenue is recognized to the extent that is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the bank and the revenue can be reliably measured.
- Interest Income is accounted on accrual basis, except in the case of non-performing assets where it is recognized, upon realization, as per the prudential norms of RBI.
- Fee for services are recognized at the time the services are rendered and a binding obligation to receive the fees has arisen. Commission on guarantees and letters of credit are recognized over the tenure of the instrument on a constant yield basis.
- Income on discounted instruments is recognized over the tenure of the instrument on a constant yield basis.



4.2 Foreign Exchange Transactions:

- Monetary Assets and Liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the period end exchange rates notified by the Foreign Exchange Dealers' Association of India (FEDAI) and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in Profit and Loss Account.
- Income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- Contingent liability on account of forward exchange, derivative contracts, guarantees, acceptances, endorsements and other obligations are stated at the closing spot exchange rates notified by FEDAI at the balance sheet date.

4.3 Fixed Assets & Depreciation:

- Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation less impairment provision. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.
- The Bank capitalizes all costs relating to acquisition and installation of fixed assets. However, fixed assets individually costing less than Rs. 50,000/- are expensed out in the year of purchase as per Fixed Asset Policy of Bank. The conditions to qualify as Fixed Assets: i) Held for the purpose of rendering services, leasing or operation management ii) The Service life exceeds one fiscal year iii) Having a unit value (excluding ineligible input GST) of more than Rs. 50,000/- (inclusive).
- The Bank has adopted the life of assets as per Companies Act, 2013. The life for various Fixed Assets are:

Nature	Life	Method
Office Equipments	5 Years	Straight Line Method
Furniture & Fixtures	10 Years	Straight Line Method
Computer	3 Years	Straight Line Method
Motor Vehicle	8 Years	Straight Line Method
Software	3 Years	Straight Line Method
Leasehold improvements	3 Years	Straight Line Method

- Depreciation on the fixed assets added/disposed off/discarded during the period is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition/disposal/discarding.
- No residual value has been considered by the management for the purpose of calculation of depreciation on the fixed assets.

4.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with Reserve Bank of India, balances with other banks and money at call and short notice.

4.5 Employee Benefits:

a) Provident Fund

The Bank contributes an amount equal to the employees' contribution on a monthly basis to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (RPFC). The Bank has no liability for future provident fund benefits apart from its monthly contribution which is charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

b) Gratuity

In terms of Accounting Standard 15, liability with regard to gratuity fund is accrued based on actuarial valuation conducted by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method as at 31st March each year. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which they arise. The contribution payable/paid is charged to the Profit and Loss Account.



4.6 Taxes on income:

Income tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period, determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the rules framed there under) and deferred tax charge or credit reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period.

Current tax expense is recognized on an annual basis under the tax payable method based on the estimated liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 and rules framed thereunder.

The Bank accounts for deferred taxes in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standard 22 - Accounting for Taxes on Income. The deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the Bank has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

4.7 Operating Lease:

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased asset are classified as Operating Leases. Operating Lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term accordance with AS-19 Leases.

4.8 Provisions and Contingent liabilities:

A provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the best available estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. General provision on Standard Advances, provision for Country Risk, additional & floating provision and provision for Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure is made as per guidelines prescribed by RBI and included under 'Other Liabilities and Provisions'.

4.9 Impairment of Assets:

The Bank assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. Impairment loss, if any, are provided in the statement of profit and loss account to the extent the carrying amount of assets exceeds their estimated recoverable amount.

4.10 Investments

Classification

In accordance with Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") guidelines, all investments are categorized as 'Held to Maturity', or 'Held for Trading' or 'Available for Sale'. Under each of these categories, investments are further classified under six groups namely, Government Securities, Other Approved Securities, Shares, Debentures and Bonds, Subsidiaries and / or Joint Ventures and Others.

Investments that Bank intends to hold to maturity are classified as 'Held to Maturity'. Investments that are held for resale within ninety days from date of purchase are classified as 'Held for Trading'. All other investments are classified as 'Available for Sale'. An investment is classified as 'Held to Maturity', 'Available for Sale' or 'Held for Trading' at the time of its purchase.



Valuation

Investments classified as 'Held to Maturity' are carried at their acquisition cost. The premium paid on acquisition of debt instruments, if any is amortized over the period remaining to maturity. Investment classified as 'Available for Sale' and 'Held for Trading' are marked to market at daily basis respectively based on market price of scrip as available from trades / quotes on stock exchanges or in accordance with the rates / prices notified FBIL (Financial Benchmark India Ltd), FIMMDA(Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association) jointly with PDAI(Primary Dealers Association of India).

Investments categorized as 'Available for sale' and 'Held for Trading' categories are revalued at the market price or fair value determined as per Regulatory (Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association of India (FIMMDA/RBI) guidelines, and only the net depreciation for each category is provided for and net appreciation is ignored. On provision of depreciation the book value of the individual securities remains unchanged.

Treasury Bills, being discounted instruments are valued at carrying cost. Discount to the face value of instrument is recognized over remaining period to maturity.

Acquisition Cost

Brokerage, commission etc paid at the time of acquisition of securities are charged to Profit and Loss account. Broken period interest on debt instruments is treated as a revenue item and is accounted for in accordance with RBI guidelines.

Disposal of Investments

Profit/Loss on sale of investments under the aforesaid three categories is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The profit from sale of investment under HTM category, net of taxes and transfer to statutory reserve is appropriated from Statement of Profit and Loss to Capital Reserve in accordance with RBI Guidelines.

Non Performing Investments

Provision for non-performing investments and investment subjected to prudential norms is made based on periodic review of investment and as per guidelines issued by the RBI. Depreciation on such non-performing investments are not set off against the appreciation in respect of other performing securities. Interest on non-performing investments is not recognized in the Profit & Loss Account until received.

4.11 Advances

Advances are classified as performing and non-performing based on management's periodic internal assessment as per RBI prudential norms. Specific provision for Non-Performing Advances is made on the basis provisioning requirement under prudential norms as laid by the RBI and is deducted from Advances. The Bank also maintains a general loan loss provision on Standard Advances at the rate as prescribed by RBI. General provision on Standard Assets also covers the provision requirement toward un-hedged foreign currency exposure, additional and floating provisions. Provision on Standard Assets, additional & floating provision and Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure included in Schedule 5 (Other Liabilities and Provisions)

Where there is no longer any realistic prospect of recovery, the outstanding advance is written off.

4.12 Country Risk

The bank follows provision for Country Risk and its Management in accordance with the RBI guidelines and are included in Schedule 5 (Other Liabilities & Provisions) and classification followed by Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India Ltd. (ECGC) for the purpose of classification and making provisions for country risk exposures. Currently Bank has made provision under low risk category as per ECGC classification.



4.13 Priority Sector Lending Certificates

The Bank enters into transactions for the sale or purchase of Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLCs) as per the requirement of RBI. The fee received for the sale of PSLCs is recorded as miscellaneous income and the fee paid for purchase of PSLCs is recorded as other expenditure in the Profit and Loss Account.

4.14 Segment Information

The disclosure relating to segment information is in accordance with AS-17, Segment Reporting and as per guidelines issued by RBI.



SCHEDULE 18 – Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

1. Capital

1.1 During FY 2022-23, no capital was infused by Head Office (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

1.2 Regulatory Capital

The Bank's capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) is calculated in accordance with RBI's BASEL III capital regulations issued vide RBI circular DOR.CAP.REC.3/21.06.201/2022-23 dated April 1, 2022. Under BASEL III framework, on an on-going basis, the bank has to maintain a minimum total capital ratio of 11.50% (PY 11.50%) including Capital Conversion Buffer (CCB) at 2.5% (PY 2.5%) for credit risk, market risk and operational risk. The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank, calculated as per the said regulations is set out below

(Amount in ₹ 000)			
Sr. No.	Particulars	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022
i)	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET 1) / Paid up share capital and reserves (net of deductions, if any)	2,789,974	2,712,146
ii)	Additional Tier 1 capital/ Other Tier 1 capital	-	-
iii)	Tier 1 capital (i + ii)	2,789,974	2,712,146
iv)	Tier 2 capital	8,481	4,071
v)	Total capital (Tier 1+Tier 2)	2,798,455	2,716,217
vi)	Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)	2,576,967	2,053,351
vii)	CET 1 Ratio (CET 1 as a percentage of RWAs) / Paid-upshare capital and reserves as percentage of RWAs	108.26%	132.08%
viii)	Tier 1 Ratio (Tier 1 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	108.26%	132.08%
ix)	Tier 2 Ratio (Tier 2 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	0.33%	0.20%
x)	Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (TotalCapital as a percentage of RWAs)	108.59%	132.28%
xi)	Leverage Ratio	50.88%	55.87%
xii)	Percentage of the shareholding of		
	a) Government of India	-	-
	b) State Government (specify name)		
xiii)	Amount of paid-up equity capital raised during the year	-	-
xiv)	Amount of non-equity Tier 1 capital raised during the year, of which: Give list as per instrument type (perpetual non-cumulative preference shares, perpetual debt instruments, etc.). Commercial banks (excluding RRBs) shall also specify if the instruments are Basel II or Basel III compliant.	-	-
xv)	Amount of Tier 2 capital raised during the year, of which: Give list as per instrument type (perpetual non-cumulative preference shares, perpetual debt instruments, etc.). Commercial banks (excluding RRBs) shall also specify if the instruments are Basel II or Basel III compliant.	-	-

1.3 Draw down from Reserves

There was no draw down from the reserves by the Bank during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).



2. Asset Liability Management

2.1 Maturity Pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities as on 31st March 2023

(Amount in '000)

Maturity Pattern	Day 1	2 - 7 days	8 - 14 days	15 - 30 days	31 days to 2 months	2 months to 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Loans and Advances	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	-	500,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,277,393	149,198	-	-	1,426,591
Deposits	721,677	142,397	40,000	80,538	-	-	5,000	10,187	5,000	-	-	1,004,799
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Assets	22,643	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,643
Foreign Currency Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: Classification of assets and liabilities under different maturity buckets are compiled by the Bank based on guidelines issued by the RBI.

Maturity Pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities as on 31st March 2022

(Amount in '000)

Maturity Pattern	Day 1	2 - 7 days	8 - 14 days	15 - 30 days	31 days to 2 months	2 months to 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Loans and Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
Investments	-	-	1,100,220	-	-	-	-	349,475	549,450	-	-	1,999,145
Deposits	302,378	250,000	40,000	50,454	-	-	-	10,161	-	-	-	652,993
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Assets	7,162	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,162
Foreign Currency Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: Classification of assets and liabilities under different maturity buckets are compiled by the Bank based on guidelines issued by the RBI.



2.2 Liquidity Coverage Ratio for year ended 31st March 2023
(Amount in '000)

		Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)
		June 2022		September 2022		December 2022		March 2023	
	High Quality Liquid Assets								
1	Total High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		1,731,484.79		1,742,123.00		1,678,848.03		1,665,480.54
	Cash Outflows								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:								
i)	Stable deposits								
ii)	Less stable deposits								
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:								
i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)								
ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	580,928.02	235,171.21	882,564.83	353,025.93	932,082.41	372,832.97	459,645.13	183,858.05
iii)	Unsecured debt								
4	Secured wholesale funding								
5	Additional requirements, of which								
i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements								
ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products								
iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities								
6	Other contractual funding obligations	83,141.62	83,141.62	36,373.74	36,373.74	39,628.39	39,628.39	31,622.41	31,622.41
7	Other contingent funding obligations	1,182,754.03	35,482.62	1,158,333.47	35,717.75	1,436,497.01	43,094.91	1,727,885.07	51,836.55
8	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		353,795.45		425,117.42		455,556.27		267,317.02
	Cash Inflows								
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)								
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures								
11	Other cash inflows	1,273,441.84	1,273,441.84	1,617,289.28	1,617,191.06	1,362,996.69	1,271,231.90	1,107,946.86	1,029,281.03
12	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	1,273,441.84	1,273,441.84	1,617,289.28	1,617,191.06	1,362,996.69	1,271,231.90	1,107,946.86	1,029,281.03
			Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value
13	TOTAL HQLA		1,731,484.79		1,742,123.00		1,678,848.03		1,665,480.54
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		88,448.86		106,279.35		113,889.07		66,829.25
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		1957.61%		1639.19%		1474.11%		2492.14%



Liquidity Coverage Ratio for year ended 31st March 2022

(Amount in '000)

		Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)
		June 2021		September 2021		December 2021		March 2022	
	High Quality Liquid Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	Total High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		1,743,853.31		1,792,892.42		1,768,120.90		1,788,084.76
	Cash Outflows								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i)	Stable deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii)	Less stable deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:								
i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	609,182.36	243,669.94	561,593.81	224,636.28	697,603.47	279,041.38	689,521.01	276,308.40
iii)	Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Secured wholesale funding		-		-		-		-
5	Additional requirements, of which	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Other contractual funding obligations	12,671.00	12,671.00	34,175.35	34,175.35	94,274.09	94,274.09	98,571.42	98,571.42
7	Other contingent funding obligations	1,324,313.81	39,988.03	1,597,272.62	53,563.34	2,229,216.06	86,220.74	1,868,916.57	68,567.49
8	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		296,328.99		312,374.97		459,536.22		443,447.32
	Cash Inflows								
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Other cash inflows	1,413,206.92	1,412,539.46	1,009,372.96	1,008,102.17	1,369,727.78	1,368,528.37	1,411,210.69	1,409,806.77
12	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	1,413,206.92	1,412,539.46	1,009,372.96	1,008,102.17	1,369,727.78	1,368,528.37	1,411,210.69	1,409,806.77
			Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value
13	TOTAL HQLA		1,743,853.31		1,792,892.42		1,768,120.90		1,788,084.76
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		74,082.24		78,093.74		114,884.05		110,861.83
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		2353.94%		2295.82%		1539.05%		1612.89%



Qualitative disclosure around Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

The Bank measures and monitors the LCR in line with the Reserve Bank of India's circular dated June 9, 2014 on "Basel III Framework on Liquidity Standards – Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), Liquidity Risk Monitoring Tools and LCR Disclosure Standards". The LCR guidelines aims to ensure that a bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) that can be converted into cash to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under a significantly severe liquidity stress scenario. At a minimum, the stock of liquid assets should enable the bank to survive until day 30 of the stress scenario, by which time it is assumed that appropriate corrective actions can be taken. Banks are required to maintain High Quality Liquid Assets of a minimum of 100% of its Net Cash Outflows by January 1, 2019. However, with a view to provide transition time, the guidelines mandate a minimum requirement of 60% w.e.f. January 1, 2015 and a step up of 10% every year to reach the minimum requirement of 100% by January 1, 2019.

Banks High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) mainly consists of excess CRR balance maintained with RBI, excess of invested in Treasury Bills & Government Securities, Fixed Deposit placement with local bank. Since Bank of China Limited, India is only branch in India all liquidity management is through India branch only done by the Asset Liability Committee. The Bank's capital provides it with adequate liquidity to meet its funding requirements.

The Bank has achieved LCR levels above the minimum stipulated requirement. The daily, monthly and quarterly average LCR results have been achieved on account of excess CRR & SLR portfolio and term deposit placement.



2.3 Net Stable Funding Ratio

(Amount in '000)

NSFR Disclosure Template as at 31 st March 2023						
	ASF Item	Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted value
		No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	
1	Capital: (2+3)	2,789,974.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,789,974.03
2	Regulatory capital	2,789,974.03				2,789,974.03
3	Other capital instruments					
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	0.00	989,612.02	10,186.75	5,000.00	502,399.38
5	Stable deposits					
6	Less stable deposits		989,612.02	10,186.75	5,000.00	502,399.38
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)					
8	Operational deposits					
9	Other wholesale funding					
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	803,400.00	6,600.00	7,600.00	500.00	0.00
11	NSFR derivative liabilities					
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	803,400.00	6,600.00	7,600.00	500.00	0.00
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					3,292,373.41
RSF Item						
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					71,329.55
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes		1,941,928.67			970,964.33
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	0.00	500,000.00	500,000.00	0.00	500,000.00
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA					
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions			500,000.00		250,000.00
19	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:		500,000.00			250,000.00
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:					
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities					
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	0.00	33,076.12	27,573.51	82,684.17	143,334.40
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold					
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs					
27	NSFR derivative assets					
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted					
29	All other assets not included in the above categories		33,076.12	27,573.51	82,684.17	143,334.40
30	Off-balance sheet items		7,794.73	245,975.90	1,382,308.26	49,082.37
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					1,734,710.65
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					189.79%



NSFR Disclosure Template as at 31 st March 2022						
		Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted value
		No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	
ASF Item						
1	Capital: (2+3)	2,712,145.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,712,145.52
2	Regulatory capital	2,712,145.52				2,712,145.52
3	Other capital instruments					
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	0.00	642,832.27	10,160.63	0.00	326,496.45
5	Stable deposits					
6	Less stable deposits		642,832.27	10,160.63		326,496.45
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)					
8	Operational deposits					
9	Other wholesale funding					
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	655,456.64	84,190.18	51.01	0.00	0.00
11	NSFR derivative liabilities					
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	655,456.64	84,190.18	51.01		0.00
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					3,038,641.97
RSF Item						
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					99,957.25
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes		1,329,997.29			664,998.65
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA					
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions					
19	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:					
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:					
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities					
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	0.00	27,309.39	5,662.22	641,718.16	674,689.67
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold					
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs					
27	NSFR derivative assets					
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted					
29	All other assets not included in the above categories		27,309.39	5,662.22	641,718.16	674,689.67
30	Off-balance sheet items		142,600.63	122,257.09	905,182.49	35,101.21
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					1,474,746.77
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					206.04%



3. Investments

3.1 Composition of investment portfolio

As at 31st March 2023

(Amount in '000)

	Investments in India							Investments outside India				Total Investments
	Government Securities	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Debentures and Bonds	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total investment in India	Government securities (including local authorities)	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total Investments outside India	
Held to Maturity												
Gross												
Less: Provision for non-performing investments (NPI)												
Net												
Available for Sale												
Gross	1,438,009						1,438,009					1,438,009
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	11,418						11,418					11,418
Net	1,426,591						1,426,591					1,426,591
Held for Trading												
Gross												
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI												
Net												
Total Investments	1,438,009						1,438,009					1,438,009
Less: Provision for non-performing investments												
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	11,418						11,418					11,418
Net	1,426,591						1,426,591					1,426,591



As at 31st March 2022

(Amount in '000)

	Investments in India							Investments outside India				Total Investments
	Government Securities	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Debentures and Bonds	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total investment in India	Government securities (including local authorities)	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total Investments outside India	
Held to Maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for non-performing investments (NPI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available for Sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross	2,018,728	-	-	-	-	-	2,018,728	-	-	-	-	2,018,728
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	19,583	-	-	-	-	-	19,583	-	-	-	-	19,583
Net	1,999,145	-	-	-	-	-	1,999,145	-	-	-	-	1,999,145
Held for Trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Investments	2,018,728	-	-	-	-	-	2,018,728	-	-	-	-	2,018,728
Less: Provision for non-performing investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	19,583	-	-	-	-	-	19,583	-	-	-	-	19,583
Net	1,999,145	-	-	-	-	-	1,999,145	-	-	-	-	1,999,145



3.2 Movement of Provisions for Depreciation and Investment Fluctuation Reserve

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
i) Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
a) Opening balance	19,583	14,156
b) Add: Provisions made during the year	-	5,427
c) Less: Write off / write back of excess provisions during the year	8,165	-
d) Closing balance	11,418	19,583
ii) Movement of Investment Fluctuation Reserve ('IFR')		
a) Opening balance	-	-
b) Add: Amount transferred during the year*	-	-
c) Less: Drawdown	-	-
d) Closing balance	-	-
iii) Closing balance in IFR as a percentage of closing balance of investments in AFS and HFT/Current category	-	-
*The Bank has not made any profit on sale of investment during the year and accordingly, no amount is transferred to IFR		

3.3 Sale and transfers to/from HTM Category

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

3.4 Non Performing Non-SLR Investment

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

3.5 Issuer Composition of Non-SLR Investments

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

3.6 Repo Transactions (in face value terms)

The Bank has not undertaken any Repo transactions during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).



4. Asset quality

4.1 Classification of advances and provisions held as on 31st March 2023

(Amount in '000)

	Standard	Non-Performing				Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances	
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
Opening Balance	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
Add: Additions during the year					-	1,700,000
Less: Reductions during the year*					-	1,200,000
Closing balance	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
*Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:					-	-
i) Upgradation					-	-
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					-	-
iii) Technical/ Prudential ¹⁶ Write-offs					-	-
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					-	-
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	3,939	-	-	-	-	3,939
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					-	5,675
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					-	-
Closing balance of provisions held	9,614	-	-	-	-	9,614
Net NPAs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opening Balance		-	-	-	-	
Add: Fresh additions during the year					-	
Less: Reductions during the year					-	
Closing Balance		-	-	-	-	-





中國銀行

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BANK OF CHINA

INDIA BRANCH

(Amount in '000)

	Standard	Non-Performing				Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances	
Floating Provisions						
Opening Balance						1,067
Add: Additional provisions made during the year						1,400
Less: Amount drawn down during the year						
Closing balance of floating provisions						2,467
Technical write-offs and the recoveries made thereon						
Opening balance of Technical/ Prudential written-off accounts						-
Add: Technical/ Prudential write-offs during the year						-
Less: Recoveries made from previously technical/ prudential written-off accounts during the year						-
Closing balance						-

Ratios (in per cent)	Current Year 2022-23	Previous Year 2021-22
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	-	-
Net NPA to Net Advances	-	-
Provision coverage ratio	-	-



Classification of advances and provisions held as on 31st March 2022

(Amount in '000)

	Standard	Non-Performing			Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs	-	-	-	-	-
Opening Balance	533,333	-	-	-	-
Add: Additions during the year					-
Less: Reductions during the year*					-
Closing balance	500,000	-	-	-	-
*Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:					-
i) Upgradation					-
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					-
iii) Technical/ Prudential ¹⁶ Write-offs					-
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					-
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)	-	-	-	-	-
Opening balance of provisions held	5,685	-	-	-	-
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					-
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					-
Closing balance of provisions held	3,939	-	-	-	-
Net NPAs ¹⁷	-	-	-	-	-
Opening Balance		-	-	-	-
Add: Fresh additions during the year					-
Less: Reductions during the year					-
Closing Balance		-	-	-	-



(Amount in '000)						
	Standard	Non-Performing				Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances	
Floating Provisions						
Opening Balance						-
Add: Additional provisions made during the year						1,067
Less: Amount drawn down ¹⁸ during the year						
Closing balance of floating provisions						1,067
Technical write-offs and the recoveries made thereon						
Opening balance of Technical/ Prudential written-off accounts						-
Add: Technical/ Prudential write-offs during the year						-
Less: Recoveries made from previously technical/ prudential written-off accounts during the year						-
Closing balance						-

Ratios (in per cent)	Current Year 2022-23	Previous Year 2021-22
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	-	-
Net NPA to Net Advances	-	-
Provision coverage ratio	-	-

4.2 Provisions on Standard Assets

(Amount in '000)		
Particular	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022
Provisions towards Standard Assets* as per RBI norms	4,000	2,000

*In addition to the above, Bank has made additional provision on standard assets of Rs. 2,000 (PY 31st March 2022, Rs. 1,000) and Unhedged Foreign Currency provision is NIL (PY 31st March 2022 NIL).



4.3 Sector-wise advances and Gross NPAs

(Amount in '000)

Sr. No.	Sector*	31 st March 2023			31 st March 2022		
		Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector
i)	Priority Sector						
a)	Agriculture and allied activities	9,892	-	-	2,219	-	-
b)	Advances to industries sector eligible as priority sector lending	-	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
d)	Personal loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal (i)	9,892	-	-	2,219	-	-
ii)	Non-priority Sector						
a)	Agriculture and allied activities	490,108	-	-	497,781	-	-
b)	Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Services	500,000	-	-	-	-	-
d)	Personal loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sub-total (ii)	990,108	-	-	497,781	-	-
	Total (I + ii)	1,000,000			500,000		

*Banks shall also disclose in the format above, sub-sectors where the outstanding advances exceeds 10 percent of the outstanding total advances to that sector. For instance, if a bank's outstanding advances to the mining industry exceed 10 percent of the outstanding total advances to 'Industry' sector it shall disclose details of its outstanding advances to mining separately in the format above under the 'Industry' sector.

4.4 Sector-wise NPAs

The Bank does not have any NPA during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

4.5 Movement in NPAs

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

4.6 Particulars of resolution plan and restructuring

There were no instances of restructuring of loan assets during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

4.7 Divergence in asset classification and provisioning

As per RBI circular No.DBR.BP.BC.No.32/21.04.018/2018-19 dated 01.04.2019, in case the additional provisioning for NPAs assessed by RBI exceeds 10% of the reported profit before provisions and contingencies and / or additional Gross NPAs identified by RBI exceeds 15% of published incremental Gross NPAs for the reference period then banks are required to disclose divergences from prudential norms on income recognition, asset classification and provisioning. Bank does not have any NPA as such no such instances of divergence reported during the year ended 31st March 2023 and 31st March 2022 which requires any disclosure.



4.8 Disclosure of transfer of loan exposures

There were no instances of transfer of loan exposures during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

4.9 Fraud accounts

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022
Number of frauds reported	-	-
Amount involved in fraud (₹ '000)	-	-
Amount of provision made for such frauds (₹ '000)	-	-
Amount of Unamortised provision debited from 'other reserves' as at the end of the year (₹ '000)	-	-

4.10 Disclosure under Resolution Framework for COVID-19-related Stress

The Bank has offered COVID-19 regulatory package to customers announced vide RBI Circular DOR.No.BP.BC.3/21.04.048/2020-21 dated 6th August 2020 (Resolution Framework 1.0) to mitigate burden of debt servicing brought about by disruptions on account of COVID 19 pandemic and to comply with the regulatory measures and to ensure the continuity of business. However no customer has availed this facility as on 31st March 2023 and 31st March 2022. Accordingly the Bank has no disclosures required to be made as per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/220 DOR.STR.REC.11/21.04.048/21/22 dated May 5, 2021 (Resolution Framework 2.0).

4.11 Details of non-performing financial assets purchased/sold

There were no instances of purchase/sale of non-performing assets during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

5. Exposures

5.1 Exposure to Real Estate Sector – The Bank does not have any exposure to real estate sector during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

5.2 Exposure to Capital Market - The Bank does not have any exposure to capital market during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

5.3 Risk Category wise Country Exposure +

Risk Category	Exposure (net) as at 31 st March 2023 (Amount in '000)	Provision held as at 31 st March 2023 (Amount in '000)	Exposure (net) as at 31 st March 2022 (Amount in '000)	Provision held as at 31 st March 2022 (Amount in '000)
Insignificant	-	-	-	-
Low	22,643	14	7,162	4
Moderate	-	-	-	-
High	-	-	-	-
Very High	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Off-credit	-	-	-	-
Total	22,643	14	7,162	4

5.4 Unsecured Advances

The Bank does not have any unsecured advances during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).



5.5 Factoring exposures

The Bank does not have any factoring exposures during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

5.6 Intra-group exposures

RBI Circular No. RBI/2013-14/487 DBOD.No.BP.BC.96/21.06.102/2013-14 dated 11 February 2014 deals with Management of Intra Group Exposure and Transactions. The Intra-group exposure comprises of bank's transactions and exposures to the entities belonging to the bank's own group (group entities). The Bank's exposure to Head Office and overseas branches of the parent bank, except for derivative transactions undertaken with them, are excluded from intra-group exposure.

The bank's intra group exposure, total amount of top 20 intra-group exposure, percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the bank on borrowers/customers and details relating to breach of limits on intra-group exposure and regulatory action thereon, is Nil for 31st March 2023 and 31st March 2022.

5.7 Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure

The Bank monitors Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure (UHFCE) to factor the risk arising from currency volatility into pricing as per the guidelines stipulated by RBI circular RBI/2022-23/13.POR.MRO.76/00/00-007/2022-23 dated Jan 23. Bank calculates incremental provisioning and capital requirement for customer as per the methodology suggested in RBI circular. The assessment of unhedged foreign currency exposure is an ongoing process at the Bank. The Bank assess vulnerability of the corporate customers to exchange rate fluctuations.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 March 2022 (Amount in '000)
Incremental Provision	-	(267)
Incremental Capital held	-	-

6. Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs

6.1 Concentration of Deposits

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2022 (Amount in '000)
Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	1,004,799	652,993
Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors of Total Deposits of the Bank	100%	100%

6.2 Concentration of Advances

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2022 (Amount in '000)
Total Advances of twenty largest borrowers	1,000,000	500,000
Percentage of Advances of twenty largest borrowers of Total Advances of the Bank	100%	100%



6.3 Concentration of Exposures*

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2022 (Amount in '000)
Total Exposure of twenty largest borrowers/customers	1,500,000	500,000
Percentage of Exposures of twenty largest borrowers/customers of Total Exposure of the Bank on borrowers/customers	100%	100%

* Exposures computed based on credit and investment exposure as prescribed in Master Circular on Exposure Norms DBOD.No.Dir.BC.3/13.03.00/2013-14 dated 01 July 2013.

6.4 Concentration of NPAs

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2022 (Amount in '000)
Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts	-	-

6.5 Disclosure on Single Borrower/Group Borrower Limit

During the year ended 31st March 2023, the Bank has complied with Reserve Bank of India guidelines on single borrower and group borrower limit. The exposure limits prescribed are 20% of capital funds of the bank in case of single borrowers (SBL) and 25% of capital funds in case of group borrowers (GBL). In exceptional cases SBL can also be increased by a further 5% of the capital funds with the approval of the Bank's local executive committee. The Bank has not exceeded the aforesaid limits during the current year ended 31st March 2023 as well as 31st March 2022.

However, the Bank's Inter-bank exposure limit under LEF framework was breached twice during the year ended 31st March 2023, the first on 23rd August 2022 and the second on 29th January 2023. In both the instances, the breaches were temporary and rectified the following day. Necessary control measures have been put in place to prevent such occurrence in future. During the year ended 31 March 2022, two instances of LEF breaches were noted.

7. Derivatives

7.1 Forward Rate Agreement/Interest Rate Swap

The Bank has not dealt with any Forward rate Agreements (FRA)/Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

7.2 Exchange Traded Interest Rate Derivatives

The Bank has not dealt with any Exchange Traded Interest Rate Derivatives for during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

7.3 Disclosures on risk exposure in derivatives

Qualitative Disclosure

- The Bank has not entered into any derivative transactions for the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL). The Bank may undertake transactions in derivatives namely Foreign Exchange Swaps contracts for cover of customer transactions on a back to back basis.
- Risk Management and reporting for derivatives are based on parameters such as Net Open Position limits, Aggregate GAP Limits and FX Stress Testing.



Quantitative Disclosure:

(Amount in '000)

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023		As at 31 st March 2022	
		Currency derivative	Interest rate derivative	Currency derivative	Interest rate derivative
1	Derivative (Notional Principal Amount)				
	a) For hedging	-			-
	b) For trading	-			-
2	Marked to Market Positions				
	a) Asset (+)	-			-
	b) Liability (-)	-			-
3	Credit Exposure	-			-
4	Likely impact of one percent change in interest rate (100*PV01)				
	a) On hedging derivatives	-			-
	b) On trading derivatives	-			-
5	Maximum and minimum of 100PV01 observed during the period				
	a) On hedging				
	-) Maximum	-			-
	-) Minimum	-			-
	b) On trading				
	-) Maximum	-			-
	-) Minimum	-			-

7.4 Credit Default Swaps

The Bank has not done any Credit Default Swap transactions during the year ended 31st March 2023 and hence no model is used for its pricing (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

8. Details of financial assets sold to Securitisation / Reconstruction Company for Asset Reconstruction

There were no instances of sale of financial assets to Securitisation / Reconstruction Company for asset reconstruction during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

9. Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms)

The Bank does not have an off Balance Sheet SPV during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

10. Transfers to Depositor Education and Awareness Fund(DEAF)

There is no amount to the credit of any account which has not been operated upon for a period of ten years or any deposit or any amount remaining unclaimed for more than ten years that needs to be transferred to DEAF under the provisions of Section 26A of Banking Regulation Act 1949.

11. Disclosure of Complaints/Unimplemented Awards of Banking Ombudsman

The Bank has not received any complaints from customers or Banking Ombudsman for the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

12. Penalties imposed by RBI

During the year ended 31st March 2023, there has been no instance of any penalty imposed by RBI on the Bank (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).



13. Disclosures on Remuneration

In accordance with the requirements of the RBI Circular No. DBOD.NO.BC. 72/29.67/001/2011-12 dated 13th January 2012, the Head Office of the Bank has submitted a declaration to RBI that the Bank's compensation policies including that of CEO's, is in conformity with the Financial Stability Board principles and standards.

14. Other Disclosures

14.1 Business Ratios

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March 2023	For the year ended 31 st March 2022
i.	Interest income as a percentage to working funds ¹	4.24%	3.89%
ii.	Non-Interest Income as a percentage to working funds ¹	7.67%	0.72%
iii.	Cost of deposits	0.45%	0.99%
iv.	Net Interest Margin ²	4.43%	3.88%
v.	Operating Profit/(Loss) as a percentage to working funds ¹	4.12%	(5.09%)
vi.	Return on assets ³ (%)	1.68%	(5.05%)
vii.	Business (deposits plus advances) per employee (Amount in '000) ⁴	58,521	41,459
viii.	Net profit/(loss) per employee (Amount in '000)	2,358	(7,055)

¹Working funds are reckoned as average of total assets (excluding accumulated losses) as reported to RBI in Form X under Section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, during the period from 1st April 2022 to 31 March 2023.

² Net Interest Income/ Average Earning Assets. Net Interest Income= Interest Income – Interest Expense

Computed based on deposits plus advances (excluding interbank deposits) outstanding as at the year end and also the number of employees as at the year-end has been considered.

³ Return on Assets would be with reference to average working funds (i.e., total of assets excluding cumulated losses, if any)

⁴For the purpose of computation of business per employee (deposits plus advances), inter-bank deposits shall be excluded.

14.2 Bancassurance Business

The Bank has not undertaken Bancassurance business during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

14.3 Marketing and distribution

The Bank has not undertaken marketing and distribution function during the year ended 31st March 2023 (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

14.4 Disclosures regarding Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLCs)

(Amount in '000)

PSLC Category	Purchased 31 st March 2023	Sold 31 st March 2023	Purchased 31 st March 2022	Sold 31 st March 2022
PSLC General	437,500	Nil	282,500	Nil
PSLC Micro Enterprises	75,000	Nil	35,000	Nil



14.5 Provisions and Contingencies shown under Profit and Loss account:

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022
Provision on standard assets	2,000	(133)
Floating provision	1,400	-
Additional provision on standard asset	1,000	(2,200)
Provision on unhedged foreign currency exposure	(-)	(267)
Provision on country risk assets	9	(80)
IRAC provision (RBI guideline due to NPA automation) [#]	2,666	934
Provision for taxes	106,339	-

[#] As per RBI circular, the Bank has created a provision for IRAC (NPA Automation) @ 0.5% of total operating income (i.e. on net interest income plus other operating income).

14.6 Implementation of IFRS converged Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

RBI vide circular DBR.BP.BC.No.29/21.07.001/2018-19 dated March 22, 2019 deferred the implementation of Ind AS till further notice. However, RBI requires all banks to submit Proforma Ind AS financial statements every half year. Accordingly, the Bank is preparing and submitting the same to RBI every half year.

14.7 Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium

(Amount in '000)

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 st March 2023	31 st March 2022
i)	Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium	775	1,700
ii)	Arrears in payment of DICGC premium	-	-

14.8 Disclosure of facilities granted to directors and their relatives

There are no facilities granted to directors and their relative during the current year and the previous year

14.9 Disclosure on amortisation of expenditure on account of enhancement in family pension of employees of banks

The Bank does not have family pension scheme for its employees.

14.10 Disclosure of material items

The Bank security deposit is INR 57,208 thousand, which is part of other asset costs more than 1% of total asset.

15. Accounting Standard Disclosures

15.1 Employee Benefits

Provident Fund

The Bank contributes an amount equal to the employees' contribution on a monthly basis to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (RPFC). The Bank has no liability for future provident fund benefits apart from its monthly contribution which is charged to the Profit and Loss Account amounting to Rs. 7,891 (in '000) [PY 31st March 2022 Rs. 9,215 (in '000)]



Gratuity

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the Profit and Loss Account and the funded status and the amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the Benefit Plan.

Expenses Recognised in the statement of Profit or loss		Amount in '000
Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March 2023	For the year ended 31 st March 2022
Current Service Cost	1,112	1,018
Interest Cost of benefit obligation	172	133
Expected return on plan assets	-	-
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the period	(352)	(722)
Past service cost	-	-
Net benefit expense	932	429
Expected return on plan assets	-	-

Amount Recognised in the Balance Sheet		Amount in '000
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(3,292)	(2,360)
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Funded status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	(3,292)	(2,360)
Unrecognized past service cost	-	-
Net Liability	(3,292)	(2,360)
Change in the present value of defined benefit obligation		Amount in '000
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Opening defined benefit obligation	2,360	1,931
Interest cost	172	133
Current service cost	1,112	1,018
Benefits paid	-	-
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligation	(352)	(722)
Closing defined benefit obligation	3,292	2,360

Change in fair value of plan assets		Amount in '000
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Opening fair value of plan assets	-	-
Expected return	-	-
Contribution by employer	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-
Actuarial gains/(losses)	-	-
Closing fair value of plan assets	-	-

Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date		
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Discount Rate	7.48%	7.27%
Salary Escalation Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	3.00%	3.00%



Other details		
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
No of Active Members	28	24
Per month salary for active members (Amount in '000)	2,441	2,192
Projected Benefit Obligation (Amount in '000)	3,292	2,360

Experience Adjustment		(Amount in '000)
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	(272)	(609)

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

15.2 Segment Reporting

Business Segment

In terms of the RBI's revised guidelines on Segment reporting issued on 18 April 2007 vide RBI Circular No. DBOD.No.BP.BC.81/21.04.018/2006-07, the bank has classified and disclosed its operations under two segments viz. Global Markets (Treasury) and Corporate Institutional Banking which are considered as primary reporting segments. The principle activities of the primary reporting segments are as follows:

Segment	Principal Activity	Revenue/Expenses
Global Markets (Treasury)	Treasury activities comprising of money market operations, intra-day liquidity management and foreign exchange operations.	Revenue consists of interest earned on investments, gain/(loss) on investments, gain/(loss) on Foreign Exchange. Expenses consist of interest on funds borrowed. Expense include directly attributable costs like staff costs and overhead expenses.
Corporate & Institutional Banking	The corporate & institutional banking consists of lending to corporate client relationships, foreign institutional group and trade finance.	Revenue consists of interest earned on loans and advances, Fee income on various services and Foreign Exchange products to corporate. Expense include directly attributable costs like deposit interest, staff costs and overhead expenses.



31st March 2023

(Amount in '000)

Business Segment	Treasury	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Other Banking	Total
	Mar-23	Mar-23	Mar-23	Mar-23	Mar-23
Revenue	133,215	419,406	-	(33)	552,587
Expenses	(24,095)	(58,529)	-	-	(82,624)
Unallocated Expenses*	-	-	-	(285,796)	(285,796)
Operating Profit/Loss	109,120	360,877	-	(285,829)	184,168
Income Taxes	-	-	-	(106,339)	(106,339)
Extraordinary Profit/Loss	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/Loss	109,120	360,877	-	(392,168)	77,829
Other Information	-	-	-	-	-
Segment Assets	3,392,182	1,000,208	-	-	4,392,390
Unallocated Assets	-	-	-	220,416	220,416
Total Assets	3,392,182	1,000,208	-	220,416	4,612,806
Segment Liabilities	-	1,015,856	-	-	1,015,856
Unallocated Liabilities	-	-	-	3,596,950	3,596,950
Total Liabilities	-	1,015,856	-	3,596,950	4,612,806

31st March 2022

(Amount in '000)

Business Segment	Treasury	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Other Banking	Total
	March-22	March-22	March-22	March-22	March-22
Revenue	135,051	64,371	-	-	199,422
Expenses	(14,892)	(80,672)	-	-	(95,564)
Unallocated Expenses*	-	-	-	(322,572)	(322,572)
Operating Profit/Loss	120,159	(16,301)	-	(322,572)	(218,714)
Income Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary Profit/Loss	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/Loss	120,159	(16,301)	-	(322,572)	(218,714)
Other Information	-	-	-	-	-
Segment Assets	3,371,978	500,073	-	-	3,872,051
Unallocated Assets	-	-	-	232,785	232,785
Total Assets	-	-	-	-	4,104,836
Segment Liabilities	-	657,235	-	735,456	1,392,691
Unallocated Liabilities	-	-	-	2,712,145	2,712,145
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	-	4,104,836

In computing the above disclosure, certain assumptions and estimates are made by the management which have been relied upon by the auditors.

* Unallocated expenses represent control and support function costs.

Part B: Geographical segment

The business of the Bank in India operates as a single unit and there is no identifiable geographical segment.



15.3 Related party disclosure

The information required in this regard in accordance with Accounting Standard 18 on "Related Party disclosures", issued by ICAI and RBI guidelines, is provided below.

Name and nature of relationship of related parties

Relationship	Name
Parent/Head Office	Bank of China Limited, Beijing China
Branches of Parent/Subsidiaries of Parent/Fellow Subsidiaries/Other Group Entities	Bank of China Dalian Bank of China Guangdong Branch Guangzhou Bank of China Hangzhou Bank of China Hefei Bank of China Lanzhou Bank of China Nanjing Bank of China Qingdao Bank of China Shijiazhuang Bank of China Suzhou Bank of China Zhengzhou
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Hu Beihai - Chief Executive Officer – 1 st April, 2022 to 05 th July, 2022 Mr. Qian Wei – Interim Chief Executive Officer - 6 th July, 2022 to 31 st January, 2023 Mr. Xing Tongqing Chief Executive Officer – from 01 st February, 2023

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	Nature of Related Party	31 st March 2023	Maximum Outstanding during the year
Nostro Balances [#]	Parent	22,490	249,473
Guarantees [#]	Parent & Branches	301,090	301,090
Other liabilities [#]	Parent & Branches	727,282	727,282
Other assets [#]	Branches	-	-
Receiving of Services*	Parent & Branches	6,492	NA
Rendering of Services*	Branches	8,295	NA

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	Nature of Related Party	31 st March 2022	Maximum Outstanding during the year
Nostro Balances [#]	Parent	7,162	367,722
Guarantees [#]	Parent & Branches	517,303	517,303
Other liabilities [#]	Parent & Branches	651,302	651,302
Other assets [#]	Branches	6,063	6,063
Receiving of Services*	Parent & Branches	6,731	NA
Rendering of Services*	Branches	7,693	NA

*The figures represents the amount as for the year

#The figures represent the amount as at the year end



With regard to Reserve Bank of India Circular No. DBOD.DOR.ACC.REC.No.45/21.04.018/2021-22 dated 30 August 2021, the Bank has not disclosed details pertaining to related parties where under a category there is only one entity / person. Similarly, there has been only one person under Key Management Personnel at any given point of time, and therefore, those details are not disclosed.

15.4 Lease Disclosures

The Bank has entered into operating lease for certain assets relating to Business Operations and Expats residences
 Total of future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Particulars	(Amount in '000)	
	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Not more than one year	30,499	59,679
Later than one year and not later than five year	24,554	49,168
Later than five years	-	960

Lease payments recognized in the Profit and Loss Account during the year is Rs. 61,780 (PY 31st March 2022 Rs. 63,609). The Bank has not entered into leases falling under the category "finance lease". Also, the Bank has not sub-leased any of the assets taken under lease.

15.5 Deferred Taxation

The Bank has not recognized deferred tax asset as there is no reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax asset will be realized.

15.6 AS 26 – Intangible Assets

Movement in fixed assets capitalized as software

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening Balance (at cost) (Gross)	15,433	479
Addition during the year	-	18,063
Deduction during the year	-	-
Depreciation during the year	6,378	3,109
Closing Balance	9,055	15,433

15.7 AS 29 – Contingent Liabilities

The following table describes the nature of contingent liabilities to Bank

Contingent Liability	Brief Description
Claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debts	The Bank does not have any claims or have any legal or tax proceedings pending in the normal course of business and therefore, the Bank does not expect any effect on the Bank's financial conditions, results of operations or cash flow
Liability for partly paid investment	The Bank did not have any partly paid investment during the current year.
Liability on account of outstanding Foreign Exchange Contracts.	The Bank does not have any liability on account of outstanding Foreign Exchange Contracts.
Guarantees and Acceptances, endorsements and other obligations.	The Bank issues guarantee basis the counter guarantee received from correspondent Banks, Head office and its branches. The amount of outstanding guarantee issued is disclosed in Schedule 12 of the financial statements.
Other items for which the banks is contingently liable	There were no other items for which the bank was contingently liable during the current year.



16. Additional Disclosures

16.1 Transfer Pricing

The Bank has a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents required by transfer pricing legislation under section 92-92F of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The management is of the opinion that international transactions are at arm's length so that the above legislation will not have material impact on the financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expense and that of provision for taxes.

16.2 Deferred Tax Liability on Special Reserve

The Bank does not have Special Reserve under section 36(1)(VIII) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and hence has not created a deferred tax liability on special reserve (PY 31st March 2022 – NIL).

16.3 Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The bank has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All the employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. The following is the summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the period 01st April 2022 – 31st March 2023.

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
No. of complaints received	NIL	NIL
No. of complaints disposed off	NIL	NIL

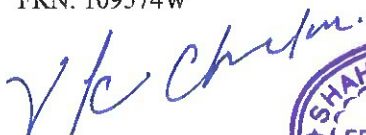
16.4 There are no outstanding dues towards principal amount or interest thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises development Act, 2006 as at 31st March 2023 (*Previous Year 31st March 2022: NIL*).

16.5 Bank has not restructured any advances as per RBI circular RBI/2020-21/17 DOR.No.BP.BC/4/21.04.048/2020-21 (*Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector – Restructuring of Advances*) and RBI/2020-21/16 DOR.No.BP.BC/3/21.04.048/2020-21 (*Resolution Framework for COVID-19 related stress*) dated 06th August 2020. Accordingly the Bank has no disclosures required to be made as per the aforesaid RBI circular.

16.6 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified / restated where necessary to confirm with current year's presentation.

As per our attached report of even date.

For Shah Gupta & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109574W



Vipul K. Choksi
Partner
Membership No: 037606



For Bank of China Limited - India Branch



Xing Tongqing
Chief Executive Officer



Vinit Shah
Acting-Chief Financial Officer



Place: Mumbai
Date: 26th June 2023