

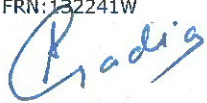
Bank of China Limited - India Branch
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars	Schedule No.	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
<u>CAPITAL & LIABILITIES</u>			
Capital	1	35,25,375	35,25,375
Reserves & surplus	2	(6,78,702)	(7,14,017)
Deposits	3	2,75,363	1,57,355
Borrowings	4	-	-
Other Liabilities and Provisions	5	8,87,219	8,25,310
TOTAL		40,09,255	37,94,023
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	6	2,40,285	13,83,288
Balances with banks and money at call and short notice	7	4,02,380	27,029
Investments	8	16,04,484	14,49,151
Advances	9	16,16,667	8,00,000
Fixed assets	10	23,191	29,646
Other assets	11	1,22,248	1,04,909
TOTAL		40,09,255	37,94,023
Contingent liabilities	12	3,33,971	7,43,767
Bills for collection	17		
Significant accounting policies	17		
Notes to accounts	18		

The Schedules referred to above form an integral part of the Balance Sheet.
 In terms of our report of even date

For GRAMS & Co
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN: 132241W


Ankit Gadia
 Partner
 Membership No: 145940



For Bank of China Limited- India Branch


Tongqing Xing
 Chief Executive Officer


Vipul Kothari
 Chief Financial Officer
 (Acting)

Place : Mumbai
 Date : 2nd June 2025

Place : Mumbai
 Date : 2nd June 2025



Bank of China Limited - India Branch
Profit and Loss Account for the year ended on 31st March, 2025

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars	Schedule No.	Year Ended on 31 st March 2025	Year Ended on 31 st March 2024
I. INCOME			
Interest earned	13	2,70,721	2,64,214
Other income	14	1,45,021	2,12,138
TOTAL		4,15,742	4,76,352
II. EXPENDITURE			
Interest expended	15	7,652	29,761
Operating expenses	16	3,68,862	3,92,738
Provisions & contingencies		9,690	32,468
TOTAL		3,86,204	4,54,967
III. PROFIT/(LOSS)			
Net profit/(loss) for the year		29,538	21,385
Profit/(Loss) brought forward		(7,14,016)	(7,35,401)
TOTAL		(6,84,478)	(7,14,016)
IV. APPROPRIATIONS			
Transfer to Statutory reserve		7,384	5,346
Transfer to Capital reserve		-	-
Transfer to Investment fluctuation reserve		-	-
Transfer to Revenue and other reserves		-	-
Profit remitted to Head Office		-	-
Balance carried over to Balance Sheet		(6,91,863)	(7,19,362)
TOTAL		(6,84,478)	(7,14,016)
Significant Accounting Policies	17		
Notes to Accounts	18		

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Bank of China Limited - India Branch
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on 31st March, 2025

		(Rs. in '000)	
	Particulars	Year Ended on 31 st March 2025	Year Ended on 31 st March 2024
A)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
	Net Profit/(Loss) before taxes	29,539	21,384
	Adjustment for:		
	Depreciation on fixed assets	17,547	26,291
	(Profit)/Loss on revaluation of investments (net)	-	(11,418)
	Provision on standard assets	6,500	(800)
	Other provisions including provision for contingencies	32,572	8,078
	Income from investments other than investments in subsidiaries / joint ventures / associates	(31,567)	(22,154)
	Interest expense on demand and term deposits	946	886
	Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	-
	OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL	55,537	22,267
	Changes in working capital		
	Increase/(Decrease) in Deposits	1,18,009	(8,47,444)
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Borrowings other than Capital Instruments	21,890	(886)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Advances	14,230	14,034
	Increase/(Decrease) in Other Liabilities	(8,16,667)	2,00,000
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other Assets	(1,49,555)	(11,141)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Investment	-	-
	CASH FLOW (USED IN)/ FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXES	(7,56,556)	(6,23,170)
	Tax refund/(Tax paid)	-	-
	NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(7,56,556)	(6,23,170)
B)	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
	(Increase)/Decrease in fixed assets	(11,094)	(9,394)
	NET CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(11,094)	(9,394)
C)	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
	NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	-
	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS (A + B + C)	(7,67,650)	(6,32,564)
	Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the period / year	14,10,317	20,42,881
	Cash and cash equivalent at closing of the period / year	6,42,665	14,10,317

Notes to the Cash flow statement

Cash and Cash equivalent include the following

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Cash and Balances with Reserve Bank of India (as per Schedule 6)	2,40,285	13,83,288
Balances with Banks and Money at Call and Short Notice (as per Schedule 7)	4,02,380	27,029
TOTAL	6,42,665	14,10,317

The Schedules referred to above form an integral part of the Balance Sheet.

In terms of our report of even date

For GRAMS & Co
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN:132241W

Ankit Gadia
 Partner
 Membership No: 145940

Place : Mumbai
 Date: 2nd June 2025



For Bank of China Limited- India Branch

Tongqing Xing
 Chief Executive Officer

Place : Mumbai
 Date: 2nd June 2025

Vipul Kothari
 Chief Financial Officer (Acting)



Bank of China Limited - India Branch
Schedules forming part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2025

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
<u>SCHEDULE 1 : CAPITAL</u>		
Opening Balance	35,25,375	35,25,375
Additions during the year	-	-
TOTAL	35,25,375	35,25,375
Amount of deposit kept with the Reserve Bank of India under section 11(2)(b) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949	26,850	21,500
<u>SCHEDULE 2 : RESERVES AND SURPLUS</u>		
I. Statutory Reserve		
Opening Balance	24,803	19,457
Additions during the year	7,384	5,346
Deductions during the year	-	-
TOTAL	32,188	24,803
II. Capital Reserve		
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions during the year	-	-
TOTAL	-	-
III. AFS Reserve		
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	5,777	-
Deductions during the year	-	-
TOTAL	5,777	-
IV. Revenue and other Reserves		
Opening Balance	(7,38,820)	(7,54,858)
Additions during the year	29,538	21,384
Deductions during the year	7,384	5,346
TOTAL	(7,16,667)	(7,38,820)
V. Balance in Profit and Loss Account		
TOTAL : (I + II + III + IV + V)	(6,78,702)	(7,14,017)
<u>SCHEDULE 3 : DEPOSITS</u>		
A.I. Demand Deposits		
(i) From banks	-	-
(ii) From others	89,266	41,591
A.II. Savings Bank Deposits		
A.III. Term Deposits		
(i) From banks	-	-
(ii) From others	1,86,097	1,15,764
TOTAL	2,75,363	1,57,355
B.I. Deposits of branches in India	2,75,363	1,57,355
B.II. Deposits of branches outside India	-	-
TOTAL	2,75,363	1,57,355
<u>SCHEDULE 4 : BORROWINGS</u>		
I. Borrowings in India		
(i) Reserve Bank of India	-	-
(ii) Other banks	-	-
(iii) Other institutions and agencies	-	-
Total	-	-
II. Borrowings outside India		
TOTAL (I & II)	-	-
Secured Borrowings included in I & II above	-	-
<u>SCHEDULE 5 : OTHER LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS</u>		
I. Bills payable	-	-
II. Interest accrued	946	886
III. Advances Liability	-	-
III. Contingent Provision on Standard Assets	9,700	3,200
V. Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	-	-
III. Others (including provisions)		
- Payable to Head office	7,47,727	7,29,810
- Others	1,28,846	91,414
TOTAL	8,87,219	8,25,310



Bank of China Limited - India Branch
Schedules forming part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2025

Particulars	(Rs. in '000)	
	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
SCHEDULE 6 : CASH AND BALANCES WITH RESERVE BANK OF INDIA		
I. Cash in hand	-	-
II. Balances with Reserve Bank of India		
i) In Current Account	90,285	83,288
ii) In Other Account	1,50,000	13,00,000
TOTAL	2,40,285	13,83,288
SCHEDULE 7 : BALANCES WITH BANKS AND MONEY AT CALL AND SHORT NOTICE		
I. In India		
i) Balances with banks		
(a) In Current Accounts	1,071	4,839
(b) In Other Deposit Accounts	-	-
ii) Money at call and short notice		
(a) With banks	4,00,000	-
(b) With other Institutions	-	-
TOTAL	4,01,071	4,839
II. Outside India		
i) In Current Accounts	1,309	22,190
ii) In Other Deposit Accounts	-	-
iii) Money at call and short notice	-	-
TOTAL	1,309	22,190
GRAND TOTAL : (I & II)	4,02,380	27,029
SCHEDULE 8 : INVESTMENTS		
I. Investments in India in:		
i) Government securities	16,04,484	14,49,151
ii) Other approved securities	-	-
iii) Shares	-	-
iv) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
v) Subsidiaries and /or joint ventures	-	-
vi) Others (to be specified)	-	-
TOTAL	16,04,484	14,49,151
II. Investments outside India in:		
i) Government Securities (including local authorities)	-	-
ii) Subsidiaries and/ or Joint Ventures abroad	-	-
iii) Other Investments (Shares, Debentures, etc.)	-	-
TOTAL	-	-
GRAND TOTAL : (I & II)	16,04,484	14,49,151
III. Investments in India		
i) Gross Value of Investments	16,04,484	14,49,151
ii) Less: Aggregate of Provisions / Depreciation	-	-
iii) Net Investments (vide I above)	16,04,484	14,49,151
IV. Investments outside India		
i) Gross Value of Investments	-	-
ii) Less: Aggregate of Provisions / Depreciation	-	-
iii) Net Investments (vide II above)	-	-
GRAND TOTAL : (III & IV)	16,04,484	14,49,151
SCHEDULE 9 : ADVANCES		
A. i) Bills purchased and discounted	-	-
ii) Cash credits, overdrafts and loans repayable on demand	16,16,667	8,00,000
iii) Term loans	-	-
TOTAL	16,16,667	8,00,000
B. i) Secured by tangible assets	14,16,667	5,00,000
ii) Covered by Bank/Government Guarantees (includes advance to Banks)	-	-
iii) Unsecured	2,00,000	3,00,000
TOTAL	16,16,667	8,00,000
C. I. Advances in India		
i) Priority Sectors	5,00,000	-
ii) Public Sector	-	-
iii) Banks	-	-
iv) Others	11,16,667	8,00,000
TOTAL	16,16,667	8,00,000
C. II. Advances outside India		
i) Due from banks	-	-
ii) Due from others	-	-
a) Bills purchased and discounted	-	-
b) Syndicated loans	-	-
c) Others	-	-
TOTAL	-	-
TOTAL : [C(I) & C(II)]	16,16,667	8,00,000



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中國銀行

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BANK OF CHINA

INDIA BRANCH

Bank of China Limited - India Branch
Schedules forming part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2025

Particulars	(Rs. in '000)	
	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
<u>SCHEDULE 10 : FIXED ASSETS</u>		
I. Premises (including Leasehold improvements)		
Book Value		
At Cost at beginning of year	28,739	28,739
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions during the year	-	-
	28,739	28,739
Depreciation to date		
Beginning of the year	28,739	28,739
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions during the year	-	-
	28,739	28,739
TOTAL	-	-
II. Other Fixed Assets (including furniture & fixtures)		
Book Value		
At Cost at beginning of year*	1,18,236	1,08,101
Additions during the year	14,446	10,135
Adjustment during the year	-	-
	1,32,682	1,18,236
Depreciation to date		
Beginning of the year	91,944	65,653
Additions during the year	17,547	26,291
Deductions during the year	-	-
	1,09,491	91,944
TOTAL	23,191	26,292
III. Capital Work in Progress		
At Cost at beginning of year	3,354	4,094
Additions during the year	-	3,354
Adjustment during the year	(3,354)	(4,094)
	-	3,354
GRAND TOTAL (I, II & III)	23,191	29,646
<u>SCHEDULE 11 : OTHER ASSETS</u>		
I. Inter-Office Adjustment (net)	-	-
II. Interest Accrued	31,567	22,154
III. Tax paid in advance/ input credit / tax deducted at sources (Net of Provisions)	26,271	17,703
IV. Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	-
V. Stationary and Stamp	-	-
VI. Security Deposit	58,916	58,916
VII. Others	5,494	6,136
TOTAL	1,22,248	1,04,909
<u>SCHEDULE 12 : CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>		
I. Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debts	-	-
II. Liability for partly paid investments/ Venture Funds	-	-
III. Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	-	-
IV. Guarantees given on behalf of constituents	-	-
a) In India	-	-
b) Outside India	3,33,971	7,43,767
V. Acceptances, endorsements and other obligation	-	-
VI. Other items for which the bank is contingently liable	-	-
TOTAL	3,33,971	7,43,767



Bank of China Limited India Branch
Schedules forming part of the Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 2025

		(Rs. in '000)	
Particulars	Year Ended 31st March 2025	Year Ended 31st March 2024	
<u>SCHEDULE 13 : INTEREST EARNED</u>			
I. Interest/discount on advances/bills	1,07,540	84,018	
II. Income on investments	1,18,063	1,18,467	
III. Interest on balances with RBI and other inter-bank funds	45,118	60,812	
IV. Others	-	917	
TOTAL	2,70,721	2,64,214	
<u>SCHEDULE 14 : OTHER INCOME</u>			
I. Commission, exchange and brokerage	1,45,451	1,80,084	
II. Profit/(Loss) on sale of investments (Net)	-	5,248	
III. Profit/(Loss) on revaluation of investments (Net)	-	11,418	
IV. Profit/(Loss) on sale of land building & other assets (Net)	-	-	
V. Profit/(Loss) on Foreign exchange translation (Net)	(430)	15,388	
VI. Income earned by way of Dividends, etc. from companies and/or Joint ventures in India & abroad	-	-	
VII. Miscellaneous Income	-	-	
TOTAL	1,45,021	2,12,138	
<u>SCHEDULE 15 : INTEREST EXPENDED</u>			
I. Interest on Deposits	3,309	4,124	
II. Interest on Reserve Bank of India/Inter bank borrowing	-	-	
III. Others	4,343	25,637	
TOTAL	7,652	29,761	
<u>SCHEDULE 16 : OPERATING EXPENSES</u>			
I. Payments to and provision for employees	2,23,305	2,32,718	
II. Rent, Taxes and Lighting	78,424	75,863	
III. Printing and stationery	69	9	
IV. Advertisement and publicity	259	259	
V. Depreciation on bank's property	17,547	26,291	
VI. Auditors' fees and expenses	650	2,469	
VII. Postages, Telegrams, Telephones, etc.	1,200	1,182	
VIII. Repairs and maintenance	1,018	248	
IX. Insurance	341	1,160	
X. Travelling expenses	814	711	
XI. Legal and Professional charges	13,196	17,120	
XII. IT expenses	17,931	15,561	
XIII. Other expenditure	14,108	19,147	
TOTAL	3,68,862	3,92,738	



Bank of China Limited – India Branch

SCHEDULE 17 - Significant Accounting Policies

1. Background:

Bank of China Ltd India Branch ('the Bank') has been granted license by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) to carry on banking business in India on 25th October 2018 and the Bank has commenced its operations from 3rd June 2019. The accompanying financial statements are for the period ended 31st March 2025 comprising of the accounts of India Branch of Bank of China Limited which is incorporated in The People's Republic of China. The bank has only one branch in India as on 31st March 2025 situated in Mumbai. The Bank's name has been included in the Second Schedule to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 vide Notification DBR.IBD. No.10585/23.03.005/2018-19 dated June 19, 2019 and published in the Gazette of India (Part III - Section 4) dated July 27 – August 02, 2019.

2. Basis of Preparation:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on going concern basis in accordance with historical cost convention on accrual basis, except as otherwise stated, and include adjustments that are necessary as the bank is to continue as a going concern, relating to the recoverability & classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts & classification of liabilities and comply in all material aspects with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India, statutory requirements prescribed under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, circulars & notifications issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time till date and current practices prevailing within banking industry in the country, notified Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounting) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2021 to the extent applicable and current practices prevailing within the banking industry in India, to the extent applicable and conform to the statutory requirements prescribed under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees rounded off to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

3. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as at the date of financial statements and reported, revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Any revision to the accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the current and future periods.

4. Significant Accounting Policies

4.1 Revenue Recognition:

- a) Revenue is recognized to the extent that is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the bank and the revenue can be reliably measured.
- b) Interest Income is accounted on accrual basis, except in the case of non-performing assets where it is recognized, upon realization, as per the prudential norms of RBI.
- c) Fee for services are recognized at the time the services are rendered and a binding obligation to receive the fees has arisen. However, transfer income of overseas branches is recognized as and when received by the bank. Commission on guarantees and letters of credit are recognized over the tenure of the instrument on a constant yield basis.
- d) Income on discounted instruments is recognized over the tenure of the instrument on a constant yield basis.



4.2 Foreign Exchange Transactions:

- Monetary Assets and Liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the period end exchange rates notified by the Foreign Exchange Dealers' Association of India (FEDAI) and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in Profit and Loss Account.
- Income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- Contingent liability on account of forward exchange, derivative contracts, guarantees, acceptances, endorsements and other obligations are stated at the closing spot exchange rates notified by FEDAI at the balance sheet date.

4.3 Fixed Assets & Depreciation:

- Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation less impairment provision. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.
- The Bank capitalizes all costs relating to acquisition and installation of fixed assets. However, fixed assets individually costing less than Rs. 50,000/- are expensed out in the year of purchase as per Fixed Asset Policy of Bank. The conditions to qualify as Fixed Assets: i) Held for the purpose of rendering services, leasing or operation management ii) The Service life exceeds one fiscal year iii) Having a unit value (excluding ineligible input GST) of more than Rs. 50,000/- (inclusive).
- The Bank has adopted the life of assets as per Companies Act, 2013. The life for various Fixed Assets are:

Nature	Life	Method
Office Equipments	5 Years	Straight Line Method
Furniture & Fixtures	10 Years	Straight Line Method
Computer	3 Years	Straight Line Method
Motor Vehicle	8 Years	Straight Line Method
Software	3 Years	Straight Line Method
Leasehold improvements	3 Years	Straight Line Method

- Depreciation on the fixed assets added/disposed off/discarded during the period is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition/disposal/discarding.
- No residual value has been considered by the management for the purpose of calculation of depreciation on the fixed assets.

4.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with Reserve Bank of India, balances with other banks and money at call and short notice.

4.5 Employee Benefits:

a) Provident Fund

The Bank contributes an amount equal to the employees' contribution on a monthly basis to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (RPFC). The Bank has no liability for future provident fund benefits apart from its monthly contribution which is charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

b) Gratuity

In terms of Accounting Standard 15, liability with regard to gratuity fund is accrued based on actuarial valuation conducted by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method as at 31st March each year. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which they arise. The contribution payable/paid is charged to the Profit and Loss Account.



4.6 Taxes on income:

Income tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period, determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the rules framed there under) and deferred tax charge or credit reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period.

Current tax expense is recognized on an annual basis under the tax payable method based on the estimated liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 and rules framed thereunder.

The Bank accounts for deferred taxes in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standard 22 - Accounting for Taxes on Income. The deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the Bank has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

4.7 Operating Lease:

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased asset are classified as Operating Leases. Operating Lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term accordance with AS-19 Leases.

4.8 Provisions and Contingent liabilities:

A provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the best available estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. General provision on Standard Advances, provision for Country Risk, additional & floating provision and provision for Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure is made as per guidelines prescribed by RBI and included under 'Other Liabilities and Provisions'.

4.9 Impairment of Assets:

The Bank assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. Impairment loss, if any, are provided in the statement of profit and loss account to the extent the carrying amount of assets exceeds their estimated recoverable amount.

4.10 Investments

Classification

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) directs banks to classify their investment portfolios into three distinct categories: Held to Maturity (HTM), Available for Sale (AFS), and Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL). HTM includes securities intended to be held until maturity, subject to meeting the Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) criteria, which ensures the cash flows arise solely from principal and interest. AFS securities encompass instruments held for both cash flow collection and potential sale, with the option to include non-trading equity instruments under specific conditions. FVTPL serves as the category for investments that do not qualify under HTM or AFS, such as trading instruments, mutual fund units, and equity tranches of securitizations. Additionally, banks must create a sub-category called Held for Trading (HFT) under FVTPL for actively traded securities. Investments in subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures are classified separately from the aforementioned categories. Classification decisions must be documented at acquisition, and



reclassification requires approval from the board and prior consent from the RBI, ensuring disciplined investment management.

Valuation

At the point of initial recognition, all investments are measured at fair value, which is typically presumed to equal the acquisition cost unless material deviations are evident, such as transactions with related parties or under duress. For subsequent valuation, HTM securities are carried at amortized cost, without periodic fair value adjustments, but any premium or discount is amortized over the security's life. AFS securities are subject to quarterly mark-to-market valuations, with net valuation changes directly adjusted in the AFS Reserve, a part of Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital, bypassing the profit and loss account. FVTPL securities are periodically marked to market, and any valuation changes are recognized directly in the profit and loss account. For HFT securities under FVTPL, daily valuation is mandatory. Special valuation methods apply to specific instruments, such as unquoted securities, which are valued conservatively using prescribed criteria like breakup value or yield-to-maturity.

Acquisition Cost

The acquisition cost of investments is presumed to reflect fair value unless exceptions, such as related party sales or distressed transactions, necessitate an alternative assessment. Day 1 Gains or Losses arising from fair value adjustments are treated differently based on the instrument's classification. For FVTPL securities, such gains or losses are recognized immediately, while for unquoted (Level 3) securities, they are deferred or amortized over the instrument's term. Discounts and premiums on acquisition are amortized systematically over the security's life, ensuring proper accounting treatment. These adjustments are reflected in the income statement under "Income on Investments" and a contra entry in the investment schedule.

Disposal of Investments

The disposal of investments from the HTM category is regulated to preserve the integrity of the classification. Sales are capped at 5% of the opening portfolio value annually, with exemptions for specific transactions, such as sales related to RBI liquidity operations, credit downgrades, or buybacks by the issuer. Any gains realized on HTM disposals are transferred to the capital reserve after deducting taxes and statutory reserve contributions. FVTPL disposals follow a straightforward approach, where realized gains or losses are recognized in the profit and loss account. Upon AFS disposal, the accumulated gain/loss for that security in AFS reserve shall be transferred and recognized in Profit & loss account. However, for equity instruments designated under AFS, gains are transferred to the capital reserve rather than affecting the profit and loss account.

Non-Performing Investments

Non-performing investments (NPIs) are identified based on indicators such as defaults, restructuring, or significant fair value declines exceeding 20% over six months. These investments are conservatively valued, ensuring that provisions adequately reflect the underlying risks. For preference shares with dividend arrears, additional discounts are applied proportionate to the period of arrears. Provisions for impairment are charged to the profit and loss account, and reversals are permitted only when impairment conditions cease. The policy mandates quarterly assessments of investments to identify NPIs and ensure prudent provisioning practices.

4.11 Advances

Advances are classified as performing and non-performing based on management's periodic internal assessment as per RBI prudential norms. Specific provision for Non-Performing Advances is made on the basis provisioning requirement under prudential norms as laid by the RBI and is deducted from Advances. The Bank also maintains a general loan loss provision on Standard Advances at the rate as prescribed by RBI. General provision on Standard Assets also covers the provision requirement toward un-hedged foreign currency exposure, additional and floating provisions. Provision on Standard Assets, additional & floating provision and Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure included in Schedule 5 (Other Liabilities and Provisions)

Where there is no longer any realistic prospect of recovery, the outstanding advance is written off.



4.12 Country Risk

The bank follows provision for Country Risk and its Management in accordance with the RBI guidelines and are included in Schedule 5 (Other Liabilities & Provisions) and classification followed by Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India Ltd. (ECGC) for the purpose of classification and making provisions for country risk exposures. Currently Bank has made provision under low risk category as per ECGC classification.

4.13 Priority Sector Lending Certificates

The Bank enters into transactions for the sale or purchase of Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLCs) as per the requirement of RBI. The fee received for the sale of PSLCs is recorded as miscellaneous income and the fee paid for purchase of PSLCs is recorded as other expenditure in the Profit and Loss Account.

4.14 Segment Information

The disclosure relating to segment information is in accordance with AS-17, Segment Reporting and as per guidelines issued by RBI.



SCHEDULE 18 – Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

1. Capital

1.1 During FY 2024-25, no capital was infused by Head Office (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

1.2 Regulatory Capital

The Bank's capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) is calculated in accordance with RBI's BASEL III capital regulations issued vide RBI circular DOR.CAP.REC.3/21.06.201/2022-23 dated April 1, 2022. Under BASEL III framework, on an on-going basis, the bank has to maintain a minimum total capital ratio of 11.50% (PY 11.50%) including Capital Conversion Buffer (CCB) at 2.5% (PY 2.5%) for credit risk, market risk and operational risk. The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank, calculated as per the said regulations is set out below

(Amount in ₹ 000)			
Sr. No.	Particulars	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2024
i)	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET 1) / Paid up share capital and reserves (net of deductions, if any)	28,46,674	2,811,358
ii)	Additional Tier 1 capital/ Other Tier 1 capital	-	-
iii)	Tier 1 capital (i + ii)	28,46,674	2,811,358
iv)	Tier 2 capital	13,892	9,868
v)	Total capital (Tier 1+Tier 2)	28,60,566	2,821,226
vi)	Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)	22,85,702	2,111,553
vii)	CET 1 Ratio (CET 1 as a percentage of RWAs) / Paid-upshare capital and reserves as percentage of RWAs	124.54%	133.14%
viii)	Tier 1 Ratio (Tier 1 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	124.54%	133.14%
ix)	Tier 2 Ratio (Tier 2 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	0.61%	0.47%
x)	Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (TotalCapital as a percentage of RWAs)	125.15%	133.61%
xi)	Leverage Ratio	68.16%	66.14%
xii)	Percentage of the shareholding of		
	a) Government of India	-	-
	b) State Government (specify name)		
xiii)	Amount of paid-up equity capital raised during the year	-	-
xiv)	Amount of non-equity Tier 1 capital raised during the year, of which:		
	Give list as per instrument type (perpetual non-cumulative preference shares, perpetual debt instruments, etc.). Commercial banks (excluding RRBs) shall also specify if the instruments are Basel II or Basel III compliant.	-	-
xv)	Amount of Tier 2 capital raised during the year, of which:		
	Give list as per instrument type (perpetual non-cumulative preference shares, perpetual debt instruments, etc.). Commercial banks (excluding RRBs) shall also specify if the instruments are Basel II or Basel III compliant.	-	-



1.3 Draw down from Reserves

There was no draw down from the reserves by the Bank during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

2. Asset Liability Management

2.1 Maturity Pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities as on 31st March 2025

(Amount in '000)

Maturity Pattern	Day 1	2 - 7 days	8 - 14 days	15 - 30 days	31 days to 2 months	2 months to 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Loans and Advances	-	-	1,00,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	1,00,000	-	-	9,16,667	-	-	16,16,667
Investments	-	-	-	-	4,50,905	99,775	3,52,975	-	7,00,829	-	-	16,04,484
Deposits	94,458	65,000	50,000	30,000	-	5,191	20,541	10,173	-	-	-	2,75,363
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Assets	1,309	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,309
Foreign Currency Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,68,928	17,149	1,14,709	1,709	31,476	3,33,971

Notes: Classification of assets and liabilities under different maturity buckets are compiled by the Bank based on guidelines issued by the RBI.

Maturity Pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities as on 31st March 2024

(Amount in '000)

Maturity Pattern	Day 1	2 - 7 days	8 - 14 days	15 - 30 days	31 days to 2 months	2 months to 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Loans and Advances	-	-	-	150,000	50,000	500,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	800,000
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	349,143	193,809	-	906,199	-	-	1,449,151
Deposits	46,590	-	30,000	40,000	-	5,000	20,188	15,577	-	-	-	157,355
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Assets	22,189	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,189
Foreign Currency Liabilities	232,316	-	-	-	-	-	61,083	52,161	394,871	1,668	1,668	743,767

Notes: Classification of assets and liabilities under different maturity buckets are compiled by the Bank based on guidelines issued by the RBI.



2.2 Liquidity Coverage Ratio for year ended 31st March 2025

(Amount in '000)

		Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)
		June 2024		September 2024		December 2024		March 2025	
	High Quality Liquid Assets								
1	Total High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		15,16,694		14,06,899		14,01,507		14,30,810
	Cash Outflows								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:								
i)	Stable deposits								
ii)	Less stable deposits								
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:								
i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)								
ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	1,89,508	75,803	1,63,206	65,282	1,00,486	40,194	2,26,709	90,684
iii)	Unsecured debt								
4	Secured wholesale funding								
5	Additional requirements, of which								
i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements								
ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products								
iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities								
6	Other contractual funding obligations	42,098	42,098	34,815	34,815	38,380	38,380	37,166	37,166
7	Other contingent funding obligations	7,43,930	22,318	6,07,275	18,218	5,30,058	15,902	5,46,796	16,404
8	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		1,40,219		1,18,316		94,476		1,44,254
	Cash Inflows								
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)								
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures								
11	Other cash inflows	13,28,247	12,17,278	10,15,232	8,83,219	6,86,677	6,07,056	5,42,025	5,36,958
12	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	13,28,247	12,17,278	10,15,232	8,83,219	6,86,677	6,07,056	5,42,025	5,36,958
			Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value
13	TOTAL HQLA		15,16,694		14,06,899		14,01,507		14,30,810
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		35,055		29,579		23,619		36,063
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		4326.64%		4756.41%		5933.82%		3967.48%



Liquidity Coverage Ratio for year ended 31st March 2024

(Amount in '000)

		Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)	Total Un-weighted1 Value (average)	Total Weighted2 Value (average)
		June 2023		September 2023		December 2023		March 2024	
	High Quality Liquid Assets								
1	Total High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		1,256,965		1,269,555		1,581,936		1,357,209
	Cash Outflows								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:								
i)	Stable deposits								
ii)	Less stable deposits								
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:								
i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)								
ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	342,869	137,147	362,288	144,915	202,504	81,001	182,926	73,170
iii)	Unsecured debt								
4	Secured wholesale funding								
5	Additional requirements, of which								
i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements								
ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products								
iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities								
6	Other contractual funding obligations	64,991	64,991	54,961	54,961	52,144	52,144	43,782	43,782
7	Other contingent funding obligations	1,677,764	50,333	1,015,582	30,467	743,925	22,318	740,370	22,211
8	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		252,471		230,344		155,463		139,163
	Cash Inflows								
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)								
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures								
11	Other cash inflows	1,398,782	1,321,951	1,385,734	1,291,908	924,214.16	856,818	1,409,796	1,339,670
12	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	1,398,782	1,321,951	1,385,734	1,291,908	924,214.16	856,818	1,409,796	1,339,670
			Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value
13	TOTAL HQLA		1,256,965		1,269,555		1,581,936		1,357,209
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		63,118		57,586		38,866		34,791
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		1991.46%		2204.63%		4070.25%		3901.06%



Qualitative disclosure around Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

The Bank measures and monitors the LCR in line with the Reserve Bank of India's circular dated June 9, 2014 on "Basel III Framework on Liquidity Standards – Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), Liquidity Risk Monitoring Tools and LCR Disclosure Standards". The LCR guidelines aims to ensure that a bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) that can be converted into cash to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under a significantly severe liquidity stress scenario. At a minimum, the stock of liquid assets should enable the bank to survive until day 30 of the stress scenario, by which time it is assumed that appropriate corrective actions can be taken. Banks are required to maintain High Quality Liquid Assets of a minimum of 100% of its Net Cash Outflows by January 1, 2019.

Banks High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) mainly consists of excess CRR balance maintained with RBI, excess of invested in Treasury Bills & Government Securities, Fixed Deposit placement with local bank. Since Bank of China Limited, India is only branch in India all liquidity management is through India branch only done by the Asset Liability Committee. The Bank's capital provides it with adequate liquidity to meet its funding requirements.

The Bank has achieved LCR levels above the minimum stipulated requirement. The daily, monthly and quarterly average LCR results have been achieved on account of excess CRR & SLR portfolio and term deposit placement.



2.3 Net Stable Funding Ratio

(Amount in '000)

NSFR Disclosure Template as at 31 st March 2025						
		Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted value
		No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	
ASF Item						
1	Capital: (2+3)	28,46,700	-	-	-	28,46,700
2	Regulatory capital	28,46,700				28,46,700
3	Other capital instruments					
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	-	2,65,200	10,200	-	1,37,700
5	Stable deposits					
6	Less stable deposits		2,65,200	10,200	-	1,37,700
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)					
8	Operational deposits					
9	Other wholesale funding					
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	8,87,200	-	-	-	-
11	NSFR derivative liabilities					
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	8,87,200	-	-	-	-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					29,84,400
RSF Item						
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					80,200
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes		2,400			1,200
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	-	11,00,000	-	9,16,700	13,26,700
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA					
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions		-	-	9,16,700	9,16,700
19	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:		7,00,000			3,50,000
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk		4,00,000			60,000
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:					
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities					
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	1,45,400	-	-	-	1,45,400
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold					
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs					
27	NSFR derivative assets					
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted					
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	1,45,400	-	-	-	1,45,400
30	Off-balance sheet items		1,68,900	17,100	1,47,900	10,000
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					15,63,500
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					190.88%



(Amount in '000)

NSFR Disclosure Template as at 31 st March 2024						
		Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted value
		No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	
ASF Item						
1	Capital: (2+3)	2,811,400	-	-	-	2,811,400
2	Regulatory capital	2,811,400				2,811,400
3	Other capital instruments					
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	-	141,800	15,600	-	78,700
5	Stable deposits					
6	Less stable deposits		141,800	15,600	-	78,700
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)					
8	Operational deposits					
9	Other wholesale funding					
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	729,800	43,800	5,900	45,800	-
11	NSFR derivative liabilities					
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	729,800	43,800	5,900	45,800	-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					2,890,100
RSF Item						
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					72,500
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes		27,000			13,500
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	-	800,000	-	-	400,000
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA					
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions					
19	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:		800,000			400,000
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:					
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities					
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	-	10,000	8,000	116,600	134,556
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold					
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs					
27	NSFR derivative assets					
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted					
29	All other assets not included in the above categories		10,000	8,000	116,600	134,556
30	Off-balance sheet items		293,400	52,200	398,200	22,300
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					642,856
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					449.57%



3. Investments

3.1 (A) Disclosure on carrying value of investment & fair value

(Amount in '000)

	As at 31 st March 2025							As at 31 st March 2024						
	HTM		AFS	FVTPL		Subsidiaries, Associates & JVs		HTM		AFS	FVTPL		Subsidiaries, Associates & JVs	
	At cost	Fair Value		HFT	non-HFT	At cost	Fair Value	At cost	Fair Value		HFT	non-HFT	At cost	Fair Value
I. Investments in India														
(i) Government securities	-	-	16,04,484	-	-			-	-	14,49,151	-	-		
(ii) Other approved securities	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		
(iii) Shares	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		
(iv) Debentures and Bonds	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		
(v) Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures						-	-						-	-
(vi) Others	-	-		-	-			-	-	-	-	-		
Total	-	-	16,04,484	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,49,151	-	-	-	-
Less: Provisions for impairment / NPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net	-	-	16,04,484	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,49,151	-	-	-	-
II. Investments outside India														
(i) Government securities (including local authorities)	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		
(i) Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures						-	-						-	-
(iii) Other investments	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provisions for impairment/ NPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total investments (I+II)	-	-	16,04,484	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,49,151	-	-	-	-

(B) Fair Value Hierarchy of investment portfolio measured at fair value on balance sheet: Not Applicable

(C) Net gains/ (losses) on financial instruments recognised in AFS-Reserve and Profit and Loss Account

(Amount in '000)

	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
Recognised in AFS-Reserve	5,777	-
Recognised in Profit and Loss Account	-	-

(D) Details of sale made out of HTM: Nil

(E) Details of derivative portfolio: Not Applicable



3.2 Movement of Provisions for Depreciation and Investment Fluctuation Reserve

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
i) Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
a) Opening balance	-	-
b) Add: Provisions made during the year	-	-
c) Less: Write off / write back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
d) Closing balance	-	-
ii) Movement of Investment Fluctuation Reserve ('IFR')		
a) Opening balance	-	-
b) Add: Amount transferred during the year*	-	-
c) Less: Drawdown	-	-
d) Closing balance	-	-
iii) Closing balance in IFR as a percentage of closing balance of investments in AFS and HFT/Current category	-	-
*The Bank has not made any profit on sale of investment during the year and accordingly, no amount is transferred to IFR		

3.3 Sale and transfers to/from HTM Category

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

3.4 Non Performing Non-SLR Investment

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

3.5 Issuer Composition of Non-SLR Investments

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

3.6 Repo Transactions (in face value terms)

The Bank has not undertaken any Repo transactions during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).



4. Asset quality

4.1 Classification of advances and provisions held as on 31st March 2025

(Amount in '000)

	Standard	Non-Performing				Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances	
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
Opening Balance	800,000	-	-	-	-	800,000
Add: Additions during the year					-	29,00,000
Less: Reductions during the year*					-	20,83,333
Closing balance	-	-	-	-	-	16,16,667
*Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:					-	-
i) Upgradation					-	-
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					-	-
iii) Technical/ Prudential ¹⁶ Write-offs					-	-
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					-	-
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	13,234	-	-	-	-	13,234
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					-	-
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					-	1,808
Closing balance of provisions held	11,426	-	-	-	-	11,426
Net NPAs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opening Balance		-	-	-	-	
Add: Fresh additions during the year					-	
Less: Reductions during the year					-	
Closing Balance		-	-	-	-	-



(Amount in '000)

	Standard	Non-Performing				Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances	
Floating Provisions						2,467
Opening Balance						-
Add: Additional provisions made during the year						-
Less: Amount drawn down during the year						-
Closing balance of floating provisions						2,467
Technical write-offs and the recoveries made thereon						-
Opening balance of Technical/ Prudential written-off accounts						-
Add: Technical/ Prudential write-offs during the year						-
Less: Recoveries made from previously technical/ prudential written-off accounts during the year						-
Closing balance						-

Ratios (in per cent)	Current Year 2024-25	Previous Year 2023-24
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	-	-
Net NPA to Net Advances	-	-
Provision coverage ratio	-	-



Classification of advances and provisions held as on 31st March 2024

(Amount in '000)

	Standard	Non-Performing				Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances	
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
Opening Balance	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Add: Additions during the year					-	2,450,000
Less: Reductions during the year*					-	2,650,000
Closing balance	-	-	-	-	-	800,000
*Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:					-	-
i) Upgradation					-	-
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					-	-
iii) Technical/ Prudential ¹⁶ Write-offs					-	-
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					-	-
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	9,614	-	-	-	-	9,614
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					-	3,620
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					-	-
Closing balance of provisions held	13,234	-	-	-	-	13,234
Net NPAs¹⁷						
Opening Balance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Add: Fresh additions during the year					-	
Less: Reductions during the year					-	
Closing Balance					-	



(Amount in '000)

	Standard	Non-Performing				Total
	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non-Performing Advances	
Floating Provisions						2,467
Opening Balance						-
Add: Additional provisions made during the year						-
Less: Amount drawn down ¹⁸ during the year						-
Closing balance of floating provisions						2,467
Technical write-offs and the recoveries made thereon						-
Opening balance of Technical/ Prudential written-off accounts						-
Add: Technical/ Prudential write-offs during the year						-
Less: Recoveries made from previously technical/ prudential written-off accounts during the year						-
Closing balance						-

Ratios (in per cent)	Current Year 2024-25	Previous Year 2023-24
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	-	-
Net NPA to Net Advances	-	-
Provision coverage ratio	-	-

4.2 Provisions on Standard Assets

(Amount in '000)

Particular	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2024
Provisions towards Standard Assets* as per RBI norms	6,467	3,200

*In addition to the above, Bank has made additional provision on standard assets of Rs. 3,233 (PY 31st March 2024, Rs. 1,600) Unhedged Foreign Currency provision is Rs. 1,600 (PY 31st March 2024 Rs. 2,400).



4.3 Floating Provision

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
(a) Opening balance in the floating provisions account	2,467	2,467
(b) The Quantum of floating provisions made in the accounting period	-	-
(c) amount of drawdown made during the accounting period	-	-
(d) Closing balance in the floating provisions account	2,467	2,467

4.4 Sector-wise advances and Gross NPAs

(Amount in '000)

Sr. No.	Sector*	31 st March 2025			31 st March 2024		
		Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector
i)	Priority Sector						
a)	Agriculture and allied activities		-	-		-	-
b)	Advances to industries sector eligible as priority sector lending		-	-		-	-
c)	Services	500,000	-	-		-	-
d)	Personal loans		-	-		-	-
	Subtotal (i)	500,000	-	-		-	-
ii)	Non-priority Sector						
a)	Agriculture and allied activities		-	-		-	-
b)	Industry	200,000	-	-	300,000	-	-
c)	Services	916,667	-	-	500,000	-	-
d)	Personal loans		-	-		-	-
	Sub-total (ii)	11,16,667	-	-	800,000	-	-
	Total (I + ii)	16,16,667			800,000		

*Banks shall also disclose in the format above, sub-sectors where the outstanding advances exceeds 10 percent of the outstanding total advances to that sector. For instance, if a bank's outstanding advances to the mining industry exceeds 10 percent of the outstanding total advances to 'Industry' sector it shall disclose details of its outstanding advances to mining separately in the format above under the 'Industry' sector.

4.5 Sector-wise NPAs

The Bank does not have any NPA during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).



4.6 Movement in NPAs

The Bank did not have any transactions under this category during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

4.7 Particulars of resolution plan and restructuring

There were no instances of restructuring of loan assets during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

4.8 Divergence in asset classification and provisioning

As per RBI circular No.DBR.BP.BC.No.32/21.04.018/2018-19 dated 01.04.2019, in case the additional provisioning for NPAs assessed by RBI exceeds 10% of the reported profit before provisions and contingencies and / or additional Gross NPAs identified by RBI exceeds 15% of published incremental Gross NPAs for the reference period then banks are required to disclose divergences from prudential norms on income recognition, asset classification and provisioning. Bank does not have any NPA as such no such instances of divergence reported during the year ended 31st March 2025 and 31st March 2024 which requires any disclosure.

4.9 Disclosure of transfer of loan exposures

There were no instances of transfer of loan exposures during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

4.10 Fraud accounts

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2024
Number of frauds reported	-	-
Amount involved in fraud (₹ '000)	-	-
Amount of provision made for such frauds (₹ '000)	-	-
Amount of Unamortised provision debited from 'other reserves' as at the end of the year (₹ '000)	-	-

4.11 Disclosure under Resolution Framework for COVID-19-related Stress

The Bank has offered COVID-19 regulatory package to customers announced vide RBI Circular DOR.No.BP.BC.3/21.04.048/2020-21 dated 6th August 2020 (Resolution Framework 1.0) to mitigate burden of debt servicing brought about by disruptions on account of COVID 19 pandemic and to comply with the regulatory measures and to ensure the continuity of business. However no customer has availed this facility. Accordingly the Bank has no disclosures required to be made as per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/220 DOR.STR.REC.11/21.04.048/21/22 dated May 5, 2021 (Resolution Framework 2.0).

4.12 Details of non-performing financial assets purchased/sold

There were no instances of purchase/sale of non-performing assets during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).



5. Exposures

5.1 Exposure to Real Estate Sector – The Bank does not have any exposure to real estate sector during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

5.2 Exposure to Capital Market - The Bank does not have any exposure to capital market during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

5.3 Risk Category wise Country Exposure

Risk Category	Exposure (net) as at 31 st March 2025 (Amount in '000)	Provision held as at 31 st March 2025 (Amount in '000)	Exposure (net) as at 31 st March 2024 (Amount in '000)	Provision held as at 31 st March 2024 (Amount in '000)
Insignificant	800	1	20,032	13
Low	200,509	125	302,158	189
Moderate	-	-	-	-
High	-	-	-	-
Very High	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Off-credit	-	-	-	-
Total	201,309	126	322,190	201

5.4 Unsecured Advances

Particulars	31 st March 2025 (Amount in '000)	31 st March 2024 (Amount in '000)
Total unsecured advances of the bank	200,000	300,000
Out of the above, amount of advances for which intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses, authority, etc. have been taken	-	-
Estimated value of such intangible securities	-	-

5.5 Factoring exposures

The Bank does not have any factoring exposures during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

5.6 Intra-group exposures

RBI Circular No. RBI/2013-14/487 DBOD.No.BP.BC.96/21.06.102/2013-14 dates 11 February 2014 deals with Management of Intra Group Exposure and Transactions. The Intra-group exposure comprises of bank's transactions and exposures to the entities belonging to the bank's own group (group entities). The Bank's exposure to Head Office and overseas branches of the parent bank, except for derivative transactions undertaken with them, are excluded from intra-group exposure.

The bank's intra group exposure, total amount of top 20 intra-group exposure, percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the bank on borrowers/customers and details relating to breach of limits on intra-group exposure and regulatory action thereon, is Nil for 31st March 2025 and 31st March 2024.



5.7 Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure

The Bank monitors Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure (UHFCE) to factor the risk arising from currency volatility into pricing as per the guidelines stipulated by RBI circular RBI/2022-23/13.POR.MRO.76/00/00-007/2022-23 dated Jan 23. Bank calculates incremental provisioning and capital requirement for customer as per the methodology suggested in RBI circular. The assessment of unhedged foreign currency exposure is an ongoing process at the Bank. The Bank assess vulnerability of the corporate customers to exchange rate fluctuations.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 March 2024 (Amount in '000)
Incremental Provision	(800)	2,400
Incremental Capital held	(3250)	9,750

6. Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs

6.1 Concentration of Deposits

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2024 (Amount in '000)
Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	2,75,363	157,355
Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors of Total Deposits of the Bank	100%	100%

6.2 Concentration of Advances

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2024 (Amount in '000)
Total Advances of twenty largest borrowers	16,16,667	800,000
Percentage of Advances of twenty largest borrowers of Total Advances of the Bank	100%	100%

6.3 Concentration of Exposures*

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2024 (Amount in '000)
Total Exposure of twenty largest borrowers/customers	19,16,667	1,000,000
Percentage of Exposures of twenty largest borrowers/customers of Total Exposure of the Bank on borrowers/customers	100%	100%

* Exposures computed based on credit and investment exposure as prescribed in Master Circular on Exposure Norms DBOD.No.Dir.BC.3/13.03.00/2013-14 dated 01 July 2013.

6.4 Concentration of NPAs

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025 (Amount in '000)	As at 31 st March 2024 (Amount in '000)
Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts	-	-



6.5 Disclosure on Single Borrower/Group Borrower Limit

During the year ended 31st March 2025, the Bank has complied with Reserve Bank of India guidelines on single borrower and group borrower limit. The exposure limits prescribed are 20% of capital funds of the bank in case of single borrowers (SBL) and 25% of capital funds in case of group borrowers (GBL). In exceptional cases SBL can also be increased by a further 5% of the capital funds with the approval of the Bank's local executive committee. The Bank has not exceeded the aforesaid limits during the current year ended 31st March 2025 as well as 31st March 2024.

The bank's inter-bank exposure limit under LEF framework was breached once during year ending 31st March 2024. A marginal breach occurred on 26th June 2023, which was beyond the Bank's control. Breach was temporary and rectified the following working day.

7. Derivatives

7.1 Forward Rate Agreement/Interest Rate Swap

The Bank has not dealt with any Forward rate Agreements (FRA)/Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

7.2 Exchange Traded Interest Rate Derivatives

The Bank has not dealt with any Exchange Traded Interest Rate Derivatives for during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

7.3 Disclosures on risk exposure in derivatives

Qualitative Disclosure

- a) The Bank has not entered into any derivative transactions for the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL). The Bank may undertake transactions in derivatives namely Foreign Exchange Swaps contracts for cover of customer transactions on a back to back basis.
- b) Risk Management and reporting for derivatives are based on parameters such as Net Open Position limits, Aggregate GAP Limits and FX Stress Testing.



Quantitative Disclosure:

(Amount in '000)

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025		As at 31 st March 2024	
		Currency derivative	Interest rate derivative	Currency derivative	Interest rate derivative
1	Derivative (Notional Principal Amount)				
	a) For hedging	-			-
	b) For trading	-			-
2	Marked to Market Positions				
	a) Asset (+)	-			-
	b) Liability (-)	-			-
3	Credit Exposure	-			-
4	Likely impact of one percent change in interest rate (100*PV01)				
	a) On hedging derivatives	-			-
	b) On trading derivatives	-			-
5	Maximum and minimum of 100PV01 observed during the period				
	a) On hedging				
	-) Maximum	-			-
	-) Minimum	-			-
	b) On trading				
	-) Maximum	-			-
	-) Minimum	-			-

7.4 Credit Default Swaps

The Bank has not done any Credit Default Swap transactions during the year ended 31st March 2025 and hence no model is used for its pricing (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

8. Details of financial assets sold to Securitisation / Reconstruction Company for Asset Reconstruction

There were no instances of sale of financial assets to Securitisation / Reconstruction Company for asset reconstruction during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

9. Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms)

The Bank does not have an off Balance Sheet SPV during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

10. Transfers to Depositor Education and Awareness Fund(DEAF)

There is no amount to the credit of any account which has not been operated upon for a period of ten years or any deposit or any amount remaining unclaimed for more than ten years that needs to be transferred to DEAF under the provisions of Section 26A of Banking Regulation Act 1949.

11. Disclosure of Complaints/Unimplemented Awards of Banking Ombudsman

The Bank has not received any complaints from customers or Banking Ombudsman for the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).



12. Penalties imposed by RBI

During the year ended 31st March 2025, there has been no instance of any penalty imposed by RBI on the Bank (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

13. Disclosures on Remuneration

In accordance with the requirements of the RBI Circular No. DBOD.NO.BC. 72/29.67/001/2011-12 dated 13th January 2012, the Head Office of the Bank has submitted a declaration to RBI that the Bank's compensation policies including that of CEO's, is in conformity with the Financial Stability Board principles and standards.

14. Other Disclosures

14.1 Business Ratios

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2024
i.	Interest income as a percentage to working funds ¹	5.91%	6.56%
ii.	Non-Interest Income as a percentage to working funds ¹	3.17%	5.27%
iii.	Cost of deposits	1.62%	1.32%
iv.	Net Interest Margin ²	6.95%	6.40%
v.	Operating Profit/(Loss) as a percentage to working funds ¹	0.86%	1.34%
vi.	Return on assets ³ (%)	0.64%	0.53%
vii.	Business (deposits plus advances) per employee (Amount in '000) ⁴	55,487	37,741
viii.	Net profit/(loss) per employee (Amount in '000)	844	578

¹Working funds are reckoned as average of total assets (excluding accumulated losses) as reported to RBI in Form X under Section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, during the period from 1st April 2024 to 31 March 2025.

² Net Interest Income/ Average Earning Assets. Net Interest Income= Interest Income – Interest Expense

Computed based on deposits plus advances (excluding interbank deposits) outstanding as at the year end and also the number of employees as at the year-end has been considered.

³ Return on Assets would be with reference to average working funds (i.e., total of assets excluding cumulated losses, if any)

⁴For the purpose of computation of business per employee (deposits plus advances), inter-bank deposits shall be excluded.

14.2 Bancassurance Business

The Bank has not undertaken Bancassurance business during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

14.3 Marketing and distribution

The Bank has not undertaken marketing and distribution function during the year ended 31st March 2025 (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

14.4 Disclosures regarding Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLCs)

(Amount in '000)

PSLC Category	Purchased 31 st March 2025	Sold 31 st March 2025	Purchased 31 st March 2024	Sold 31 st March 2024
PSLC General	242,500	Nil	412,500	Nil
PSLC Micro Enterprises	Nil	Nil	95,000	Nil



14.5 Provisions and Contingencies shown under Profit and Loss account:

(Amount in '000)

Particulars	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2024
Provision on standard assets	3,267	(800)
Floating provision	-	-
Additional provision on standard asset	1,633	(400)
Provision on unhedged foreign currency exposure	(800)	2,400
Provision on country risk assets	(76)	187
IRAC provision (RBI guideline due to NPA automation) [#]	(5,833)	2,233
Provision for taxes	11,498	28,848

[#] As per RBI circular, the Bank has created a provision for IRAC (NPA Automation) @ 0.5% of total operating income (i.e. on net interest income plus other operating income). This provision has been reversed on basis of mail received from RBI dated 02nd Dec. 2024

14.6 Implementation of IFRS converged Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

RBI vide circular DBR.BP.BC.No.29/21.07.001/2018-19 dated March 22, 2019 deferred the implementation of Ind AS till further notice. However, RBI requires all banks to submit Proforma Ind AS financial statements every half year. Accordingly, the Bank is preparing and submitting the same to RBI every half year.

14.7 Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium

(Amount in '000)

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2024
i)	Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium	226	959
ii)	Arrears in payment of DICGC premium	-	-

14.8 Disclosure of facilities granted to directors and their relatives

There are no facilities granted to directors and their relative during the current year and the previous year

14.9 Disclosure on amortisation of expenditure on account of enhancement in family pension of employees of banks

The Bank does not have family pension scheme for its employees.



15. Accounting Standard Disclosures

15.1 Employee Benefits

Provident Fund

The Bank contributes an amount equal to the employees' contribution on a monthly basis to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (RPFC). The Bank has no liability for future provident fund benefits apart from its monthly contribution which is charged to the Profit and Loss Account amounting to Rs. 12,815 (in '000) [PY 31st March 2024 Rs. 8,102 (in '000)]

Gratuity

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the Profit and Loss Account and the funded status and the amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the Benefit Plan.

Expenses Recognised in the statement of Profit or loss		Amount in '000	
Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2024	
Current Service Cost	647	1,229	
Interest Cost of benefit obligation	244	246	
Expected return on plan assets	-	-	
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the period	870	(1,346)	
Past service cost	-	-	
Net benefit expense	1,762	129	
Expected return on plan assets	-	-	
Amount Recognised in the Balance Sheet		Amount in '000	
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(4,758)	(3,421)	
Fair value of plan assets	-	-	
Funded status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	(4,758)	(3,421)	
Unrecognized past service cost	-	-	
Net Liability	(4,758)	(3,421)	
Change in the present value of defined benefit obligation		Amount in '000	
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024	
Opening defined benefit obligation	3,421	3,292	
Interest cost	244	246	
Current service cost	647	1,229	
Benefits paid	(424)	-	
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligation	870	(1,346)	
Closing defined benefit obligation	4,758	3,421	

Change in fair value of plan assets		Amount in '000	
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024	
Opening fair value of plan assets	-	-	
Expected return	-	-	
Contribution by employer	-	-	
Benefits paid	-	-	
Actuarial gains/(losses)	-	-	
Closing fair value of plan assets	-	-	



Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date		
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
Discount Rate	6.55%	7.14%
Salary Escalation Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	20.00%	30.00%

Other details		
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
No of Active Members	29	29
Per month salary for active members (Amount in '000)	2,549	2,539
Projected Benefit Obligation (Amount in '000)	4,758	3,421

Experience Adjustment		(Amount in '000)
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
Acturial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	543	(1,142)

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

15.2 Segment Reporting

Business Segment

In terms of the RBI's revised guidelines on Segment reporting issued on 18 April 2007 vide RBI Circular No. DBOD.No.BP.BC.81/21.04.018/2006-07, the bank has classified and disclosed its operations under two segments viz. Global Markets (Treasury) and Corporate Institutional Banking which are considered as primary reporting segments. The principle activities of the primary reporting segments are as follows:

Segment	Principal Activity	Revenue/Expenses
Global Markets (Treasury)	Treasury activities comprising of money market operations, intra-day liquidity management and foreign exchange operations.	Revenue consists of interest earned on investments, gain/(loss) on investments, gain/(loss) on Foreign Exchange. Expenses consist of interest on funds borrowed. Expense include directly attributable costs like staff costs and overhead expenses.
Corporate & Institutional Banking	The corporate & institutional banking consists of lending to corporate client relationships, foreign institutional group and trade finance.	Revenue consists of interest earned on loans and advances, Fee income on various services and Foreign Exchange products to corporate. Expense include directly attributable costs like deposit interest, staff costs and overhead expenses.



31st March 2025

(Amount in '000)

Business Segment	Treasury	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Other Banking	Total
	Mar-25	Mar-25	Mar-25	Mar-25	Mar-25
Revenue	1,42,373	2,52,990	-	20,379	4,15,742
Expenses	(15,591)	(52,535)	-	-	(68,126)
Unallocated Expenses*	-	-	-	(3,06,580)	(3,06,580)
Operating Profit/Loss	1,26,782	2,00,455	-	(2,86,201)	41,036
Income Taxes	-	-	-	(11,498)	(11,498)
Extraordinary Profit/Loss	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/Loss	1,26,782	2,00,455	-	(2,97,699)	29,538
Other Information	-	-	-	-	-
Segment Assets	20,37,358	16,17,740	-	-	36,55,098
Unallocated Assets	-	-	-	3,54,157	3,54,157
Total Assets	20,37,358	16,17,740	-	3,54,157	40,09,255
Segment Liabilities	-	2,90,076	-	-	2,90,076
Unallocated Liabilities	-	-	-	37,19,179	37,19,179
Total Liabilities	-	2,90,076	-	37,19,179	40,09,255

31st March 2024

(Amount in '000)

Business Segment	Treasury	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Other Banking	Total
	Mar-24	Mar-24	Mar-24	Mar-24	Mar-24
Revenue	195,945	280,407	-	-	476,352
Expenses	(35,513)	(59,937)	-	-	(95,450)
Unallocated Expenses*	-	-	-	(330,669)	(330,669)
Operating Profit/Loss	160,432	220,470	-	(330,669)	50,233
Income Taxes	-	-	-	(28,848)	(28,848)
Extraordinary Profit/Loss	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/Loss	160,432	220,470	-	(359,517)	21,385
Other Information	-	-	-	-	-
Segment Assets	1,499,842	800,208	-	-	2,300,050
Unallocated Assets	-	-	-	1,493,973	1,493,973
Total Assets	1,499,842	800,208	-	1,493,973	3,794,023
Segment Liabilities	-	168,411	-	-	168,411
Unallocated Liabilities	-	-	-	3,625,612	3,625,612
Total Liabilities	-	168,411	-	3,625,612	3,794,023

In computing the above disclosure, certain assumptions and estimates are made by the management which have been relied upon by the auditors.

* Unallocated expenses represent control and support function costs.

Part B: Geographical segment

The business of the Bank in India operates as a single unit and there is no identifiable geographical segment.



15.3 Related party disclosure

The information required in this regard in accordance with Accounting Standard 18 on “Related Party disclosures”, issued by ICAI and RBI guidelines, is provided below.

Name and nature of relationship of related parties

Relationship	Name
Parent/Head Office	Bank of China Limited, Beijing China
Branches of Parent/Subsidiaries of Parent/Fellow Subsidiaries/Other Group Entities	Bank of China Dalian Bank of China Guangdong Branch Guangzhou Bank of China Hangzhou Bank of China Hefei Bank of China Lanzhou Bank of China Nanjing Bank of China Qingdao Bank of China Shijiazhuang Bank of China Suzhou Bank of China Zhengzhou
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Xing Tongqing Chief Executive Officer – from 01 st February, 2023

(Amount in ‘000)

Particulars	Nature of Related Party	31 st March 2025	Maximum Outstanding during the year
Nostro Balances [#]	Parent	507	2,625
Guarantees [#]	Parent & Branches	333,971	333,971
Other liabilities [#]	Parent & Branches	750,288	750,288
Other assets [#]	Branches	-	-
Receiving of Services*	Parent & Branches	1,742	NA
Rendering of Services*	Branches	142,690	NA

(Amount in ‘000)

Particulars	Nature of Related Party	31 st March 2024	Maximum Outstanding during the year
Nostro Balances [#]	Parent	2,157	326,978
Guarantees [#]	Parent & Branches	514,403	514,403
Other liabilities [#]	Parent & Branches	731,182	731,182
Other assets [#]	Branches	-	-
Receiving of Services*	Parent & Branches	7,333	NA
Rendering of Services*	Branches	161,229	NA

*The figures represents the amount as for the year

#The figures represent the amount as at the year end



With regard to Reserve Bank of India Circular No. DBOD.DOR.ACC.REC.No.45/21.04.018/2021-22 dated 30 August 2021, the Bank has not disclosed details pertaining to related parties where under a category there is only one entity / person. Similarly, there has been only one person under Key Management Personnel at any given point of time, and therefore, those details are not disclosed.

15.4 Lease Disclosures

The Bank has entered into operating lease for certain assets relating to Business Operations and Expats residences
Total of future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Particulars	(Amount in '000)	
	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
Not more than one year	69,194	67,817
Later than one year and not later than five year	173,007	233,441
Later than five years	-	-

Lease payments recognized in the Profit and Loss Account during the year is Rs. 73,388 (PY 31st March 2024 Rs. 69,267). The Bank has not entered into leases falling under the category "finance lease". Also, the Bank has not sub-leased any of the assets taken under lease.

15.5 AS 26 – Intangible Assets

Movement in fixed assets capitalized as software (Amount in '000)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Opening Balance	7,196	9,055
Addition during the year	-	5,711
Deduction during the year	-	-
Depreciation during the year	4,820	7,570
Closing Balance	2,376	7,196

15.6 AS 29 – Contingent Liabilities

The following table describes the nature of contingent liabilities to Bank

Contingent Liability	Brief Description
Claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debts	The Bank does not have any claims or have any legal or tax proceedings pending in the normal course of business and therefore, the Bank does not expect any effect on the Bank's financial conditions, results of operations or cash flow
Liability for partly paid investment	The Bank did not have any partly paid investment during the current year.
Liability on account of outstanding Foreign Exchange Contracts.	The Bank does not have any liability on account of outstanding Foreign Exchange Contracts.
Guarantees and Acceptances, endorsements and other obligations.	The Bank issues guarantee basis the counter guarantee received from correspondent Banks, Head office and its branches. The amount of outstanding guarantee issued is disclosed in Schedule 12 of the financial statements.
Other items for which the banks is contingently liable	There were no other items for which the bank was contingently liable during the current year.



16. Additional Disclosures

16.1 Transfer Pricing

The Bank has a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents required by transfer pricing legislation under section 92-92F of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The management is of the opinion that international transactions are at arm's length so that the above legislation will not have material impact on the financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expense and that of provision for taxes.

16.2 Deferred Tax Liability on Special Reserve

The Bank does not have Special Reserve under section 36(1)(VIII) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and hence has not created a deferred tax liability on special reserve (PY 31st March 2024 – NIL).

16.3 Audit Trail functionality in accounting system

The Company has been maintaining its books of accounts in the system which has feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled, throughout the year as required by proviso to sub rule (1) of rule 3 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 known as the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021.

16.4 Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The bank has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All the employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. The following is the summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the period 01st April 2024 – 31st March 2025.

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
No. of complaints received	NIL	NIL
No. of complaints disposed off	NIL	NIL



- 16.5 There are no outstanding dues towards principal amount or interest thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises development Act, 2006 as at 31st March 2025 (*Previous Year 31st March 2024: NIL*).
- 16.6 Bank has not restructured any advances as per RBI circular RBI/2020-21/17 DOR.No.BP.BC/4/21.04.048/2020-21 (*Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector – Restructuring of Advances*) and RBI/2020-21/16 DOR.No.BP.BC/3/21.04.048/2020-21 (*Resolution Framework for COVID-19 related stress*) dated 06th August 2020. Accordingly the Bank has no disclosures required to be made as per the aforesaid RBI circular.
- 16.7 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified / restated where necessary to confirm with current year's presentation.

As per our attached report of even date.

For GRAMS & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 132241W



Ankit Gadia
Partner
Membership No: 145940



For Bank of China Limited - India Branch



Xing Tongqing
Chief Executive Officer



Vipul Kothari
Chief Financial Officer (Acting)

Place: Mumbai
Date: 2nd June 2025

